# Review of Some Recent Innovations for Structural Performance Improvement of Plummer Block

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Abstract- In this review paper, we have studied various recent research articles of different authors for finding out the parameters, variables and factors which affects the structural performance of plummer block which used to support various rotating and stationary shafts. Plummer block is frequently used in providing base for shafts which are continuously rotating and have a large length. It suffers various forces and stresses in the condition of loading. Minimizing these stresses is of very much importance and we find out the variables and factors such as material of construction, optimization methods, stress concentration, geometrical dimensions and mechanical construction, finite element analysis meshing methods, weight reduction and life cycle. These are the parameters which can be optimized for getting better results of structural performance enhancement.

#### INTRODUCTION

A Plummer block or pillow block is a pedestal used to provide support for a rotating shaft with the help of compatible bearings & various accessories. Housing material for a pillow block is typically made of cast iron or cast steel. A pillow block usually refers to housing with an included anti-friction bearing. A pillow block refers to any mounted bearing wherein the mounted shaft is in a parallel plane to the mounting surface, and perpendicular to the center line of the mounting holes, as contrasted with various types of flange blocks or flange units. A pillow block may contain a bearing with one of several types of rolling elements, including ball, cylindrical roller, spherical roller, tapered roller, or metallic or synthetic bushing. The type of rolling element defines the type of pillow block. These differ from "plumber blocks" which are bearing housings supplied without any bearings and are usually meant for higher load ratings and a separately installed bearing. [1]

The fundamental application of both types is the same, which is to mount a bearing safely enabling its outer ring to be stationary while allowing rotation of the inner ring. The housing is bolted to a foundation through the holes in the base. Bearing housings may be either split type or solid type. Split type housings are usually two-piece housings where the cap and base may be detached, while others may be singlepiece housings. Various sealing arrangements may be provided to prevent dust and other contaminants from entering the housing. Thus the housing provides a clean environment for the environmentally sensitive bearing to rotate free from contaminants while also retaining lubrication, either oil or grease, hence increasing its performance and duty cycle. Bearing housings are usually made of grey cast iron. However, various grades of metals can be used to manufacture the same, including ductile iron, steel, stainless steel, and various types of thermoplastics and polyethylene-based plastics. The bearing element may be manufactured from 52100 chromium steel alloy (the most common), stainless steel, plastic, or bushing materials such as SAE660 cast bronze, or SAE841 oil impregnated sintered bronze, or synthetic materials. [2]

## FACTORS AFFECTING PERFORMANCE OF PLUMMER BLOCK

After studying various research articles of different authors we have found out these parameters and factors which can be further optimized for improving the structural strength of plummer block.

#### 1. Material of Construction

Studied and calculated the stresses in Plummer block using analytical method. In this study, modeling and analysis of a plummer block was performed by using Finite Element Method. The commercial finite element package ANSYS version 17 was used for the solution of the problem. The modeling of the plummer block was done using 3D software. Here CATIA V5 has been used for modeling. The simulation part was carried out using the Analysis software, ANSYS. With the Boundary constrains and the tensile load applied, the plummer block is analyzed and the values are tabulated. They used structural steel as the new material instead of white cast iron and grey cast iron. They found this replacement effective in terms of von mises stresses [1]. Studied in this project for stresses calculation on the plummer block and to improve the performance of plummer block to a certain extent with CATIA V5 and FEM. After study of plummer block used in supporting shaft and analysis on plummer block they concluded that material plays a very important role in stress reduction acting on plummer block especially on shaft and braces. They changed material like grey cast iron (ASTM grade 20 (EN-JL 1020), ASTM grade 35 (EN-JL1040), ASTM grade 60 (EN-JL 1070)), Stainless steel and Titanium alloy and found that deviations in Equivalent stress (von mises), shear stress and total deformation occurs at same load and diameter in which it has maximum stresses. They concluded that increase in plummer block shaft diameter can lead to protect bending of joint [2]. Studied for plummer block made of stainless steel, gray cast iron magnesium, aluminum, stainless steel, structural steel and gray cast iron. They analyzed for stress and deformation under different loading conditions. The CAD model of plummer block was made in CATIA V5 R20 and analyzed in ANSYS 15. It was observed that stresses developed for plummer block made of magnesium were least and the plummer block made of aluminum can sustain maximum tensile load without failure [3]. analyzed the E Glass and S2 Glass epoxy composite. Structural and Fatigue analysis were done using Cosmos. By observing the structural analysis results, the stress and displacement values were less than their respective strength values. They concluded that using composite materials is safe for serial plummer block shaftned joints. Damage factor was very less for both materials and life was about 10<sup>6</sup> cycles [4]. Studied on design and analysis of a plummer block which is used in supporting shafts. Plummer block was design

for 50KN axial load by theoretical calculation. Final dimensions from theoretical calculation, model of Plummer block was made in CATIA V5 and model was taken to ANSYS and simulated with various material and check for best material which suit for given design load. it was concluded that Teflon was best for design and it was close to stress got for stainless steel and cast iron. [5]. Studied and changed the existing material made of GCD45 to Al6082M and recommended the lightweight design of the plummer block. Six shape design variables were selected for the optimization of the plummer block and the criteria relevant to stiffness and durability were considered as the design requirements during the optimization process. The meta model-based method optimization that uses the kriging interpolation method as the optimization technique was applied. The result shows that all constraints for stiffness and durability are satisfied using A16082M, while reducing the weight of the plummer block by 20% compared to that of the existing GCD450.[6]

## 2. Optimization Methods

Studied and calculated the stresses in Plummer block and optimized the model of Plummer block for its weight reduction. Modeling of the plummer block was done using 3D software. Here CATIA V5 had been used for modeling. The simulation part was carried out using the Analysis software, ANSYS. With the Boundary constrains and the twisting moment applied, the plummer block was analyzed. Then using Topology optimization material was removed. Again, analysis was done on an optimized model for stresses and deformation and optimized values. The maximum stress and deformation values were in the acceptable limits [7]. Have done static analysis of plummer block. They designed a plummer block which accommodates dual caliper mountings for increasing braking efficiency & reducing a stopplummer block shaftg distance of a vehicle. CAD modal of plummer block was prepared in CREO2.0. Static analysis was done in ANSYS WORKBENCH by constraining the plummer block. applying loads of braking torque on caliper mounting, longitudinal reaction due to traction, vertical reaction due to vehicle weight and steering reaction. They have also done shape optimization of same plummer block and saved material resource. Shape optimization of plummer block was done using

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ANSYS WORKBENCH making objective function as reducing weight. Shape optimization method used in this study reduced the mass of plummer block by 19.35%. Also factory of safety is between 3 to 4. Maximum stress and displacement were within control. They concluded that the overall weight of the plummer block can be reduced to achieve savings in costs and materials [8]. Studied and calculated the stresses and deformation in Plummer block of a vehicle and optimized the model of same Plummer block. They used CATIA V5 for modeling. They aimed to use FEA and Taguchi method to improve the quality of manufactured goods and engineering development of design for studying variation. Taguchi recommends the use of the S/N ratio to measure the quality characteristics deviating from the desired values analysis. Regardless of the category of the quality characteristic, a greater S/N ratio corresponds to better quality characteristics. It was predicted that Taguchi method is a good method for optimization of various machining parameters as it reduces the number of experiments. Stress, strain and deformation were within acceptable limits [9]. Studied the problem of the failure of the plummer block in any mechanism for general due to crushing, tearing and shearing. The aim of the present paper was to study calculate the stresses in Plummer block using analytical method. The study focused on the optimization of design parameters kept in mind for the plummer block. The Neural Network Tool, a nontraditional global optimization technique had been used as the solution methodology for its inherent advantages. Optimal results so obtained were compared with remodeled plummer block plummer block shaft with stress minimizing effect considered as a key factor. After remodeling of the plummer block using the predicted optimized parameters obtained by neural network the model was used to generate the value of stress which was compared with the neural network result in order to prove that optimized model is better as compared to the previously selected four models. [10]

#### 3. Stress Concentration

Studied the Plummer block which is a major component of supporting rods between each other. It experiences maximum shear and tensile stresses due to heavy weight. The FEA Analysis of Plummer block was done and various shear and tensile stresses results were plotted. The Analytical solution of plummer block was found out using standard calculations. The force applied plummer block was 50 KN .The diameter of shaft was proposed to be around 30 mm. FEA software results were correct as per theoretical calculations. it was also concluded that certain high stresses were generated near plummer blocks and this result were helpful for further reducing the stresses, increasing life and reliability of machine part.[11]. Studied stresses on loading shafts during acceleration (tensile) and during deceleration (compressive). Forces acting over the shaft were calculated by considering Newton's Second Law of motion. Shaft was considered separately for the analysis and finite element analysis is done on it. They concluded that Numerical value of tangential force and von mises stresses acting on the plummer block were maximum in case of Conducted static structural deceleration [12]. analysis on a universal coupling using advanced computer aided engineering software and study the various stresses and strains developed in the joint. Results concluded that the shaft experiences the maximum shear stresses and strains as referenced earlier. Also stated that region where the shaft makes contact experiences generally higher compressive stress and bending stresses. Also analyzed that stress concentration in the shaft due to the presence of notch that leads to frequent wearing out of the shaft which causes the shaft to wobble unnecessarily which reduces the mechanical efficiency of the transmission system. This leads to failure of the transmission system [13].

4. Geometrical dimensions and mechanical construction

Have done modeling and analysis of plummer block under a certain conditions. Modeling and analysis of a plummer block was performed by using 3D software CATIA & Finite Element Analysis (FEA) respectively. The commercial finite element package ANSYS version 15 was used for the solution of problem. They concluded that 30C8 material having maximum permissible stress are 400MPa and Maximum stresses developed in plummer block are 201MPa. So design is safe. They also concluded that shaft of 25 mm diameter can sustain load of 50 KN without a failure [14].analyzed plummer block stresses during its operation. Force acting on the shaft were calculated by the theoretical study and analytical method. Subjected to high stresses in shaft were studied by using CATIA V5 and finite element method. According to their theoretical study, calculation and F.E.A results were similar on 50 mm diameter at 60 KN. They concluded that when stress on shaft increases, bending increases but when we increase the shaft diameter it will wear maximum stress on that force [15]. Reviewed the problem of the failure of the plummer block plummer block shaft in a railway coupling due to shearing as per the defined conditions and analysis the present steel material can be substituted with a proper elastic material. The presently for the problem of shear failure of the plummer block shaft alternatively plastic plummer block plummer block shaft that will accept bending fatigue, thereby reducing plummer block shaft failure can be used. The plummer block shaft made of a plastic material having a flexibility that will allow it to bend and return to its original shape and to also be self- lubricating. Further, the plummer block shaft eliminates rust and corrosion and produces a low coefficient of friction between the plummer block shaft and the coupler body and plummer block, thus enhancing opening and closing of the plummer block by reducing rotational resistance, thereby promoting safety. It has been known that steel plummer block shafts, either at the time of installation or after service, can cause a "lazy plummer block", i.e., a plummer block that will not open all the way on decoupling [16]. Studied for calculating the stresses in Plummer block using analytical method. Material of the plummer block is considered as mild steel grade 30C8, ANSYS software was run and the stress contour, displacement contour, strain energy contour were obtained. It was proposed that instead of mild steel plummer block shaft we can also use high strength high modulus steel plummer block shaft that can further enhance the capacity to withstand higher loads. The shape of the plummer block can be changed for improved properties. Further study in this direction can made by using various directions of the plummer block shaft and the capacity to withstand load [17].

## 5. Finite element analysis meshing method

Studied to calculate the stresses in Plummer block using analytical method. They concentrated on which type of meshing is preferable for components. plummer block was modeled by making use of CATIA, later on that model was imported in HYPERMESH and carried out both mesh those were hexahedral and tetra mesh. The model was solved by using Abacus software. They concluded that shaft takes higher stress and braces takes less stress under loading condition. They showed that hex mesh is better than the tetra mesh. They also concluded that further study in this direction can made by using various directions of the plummer block shaft and the capacity to withstand load [18]

#### 6. Weight reduction and life cycle

Have done finite element analysis of the universal joint to find the stress and displacement. For modeling of the component PRO-E software was used. Pre-processing work like meshing and analysis work was carried out in HYPERWORKS software. The geometry was modified using topology and free size optimization which enabled to reduce stress level marginally well below the yield limit. They got a percent mass reduction of about 7%. The developed stresses for this model were within the acceptable limits which showed the safety of model [19]. Focused on optimization of plummer block targeting reducing weight as objective function with required strength, frequency and stiffness. They used optimization which refers to different cases in the optimization and also the topology shape optimization. The modeling of this project was done in CREO Parametric 2.0 and the analysis is carried out in ANSYS 15.0. The optimization of results was achieved i.e. less stress value and also less weight. The model was analyzed with Cast Iron, Aluminum alloy and S- Glass Epoxy composite. There was a significant amount of weight reduction when they used S-Glass Epoxy material [20]. proposed the modification of one of the material that changed cast iron by a composite polymer material. The proposed system had many advantages over other system such as making the device, simpler and having maximum safety and is eco friendly. Composite polymers are characterized by a high flexibility material. They used ANSYS 13 used for analysis of plummer block with modified material and varying loads. They concluded that parts made out of composite materials are economical to produce, and facilitate overall systems cost reductions by eliminating secondary operations for parts, such as machining, as well as

facilitating reduction in part count when compared with metal parts [21]. Analyzed advanced materials focusing on a mechanical joint, i.e. the Plummer block. They suggested a modification over the conventionally used material, such as Aluminum alloy that is widely used for manufacturing the Plummer blocks. They used CATIA V5R18 for modeling the 3D geometry of Plummer block and ANSYS (Workbench 16.2) was used for finite element analysis of the same with the conventional and composites materials respectively. The results approved that the use of composite material not only decreases the weight of the material but it also improves the life of the component as the composite material shows less deformation in comparison to the conventional one. Due to application of composite material there was a negligible change in stress value but directional deformation and weight of the system got reduced by 73.7 % and 22.02% respectively [22].

#### SUMMARY OF REVIEW

There review papers summarize that following factors and parameters can be used and analyzed to get the improved structural strength of plummer block.

- material of construction
- optimization methods
- Stress concentration
- geometrical dimensions and mechanical construction
- Finite element analysis meshing methods,
- Weight reduction and life cycle. These are the parameters which can be optimized for getting better results of structural performance enhancement.

## CONCLUSION

This review article concludes that is a very important consideration to reduce the stresses, unbalanced forces and deformation in a plummer block so that the life cycle of the machine parts can be increased. The parameters mentioned above are very much of importance to be optimized to get the higher structural strength of plummer block which are namely as material of construction, optimization methods, stress concentration, geometrical dimensions and mechanical construction, finite element analysis meshing methods, weight reduction and life cycle.

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