

E-Governance Service at Panchayat Level for Help People

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Abstract - Indian Government, at all levels, announces Welfare Schemes for a cross section of the society from time to time. These schemes could be either Central, State specific or a joint collaboration between the Centre and the States. In this section, we have attempted to provide you an easy and single point access to information about several welfare schemes of the Government and their various aspects including eligible beneficiaries, types of benefits, scheme details etc. The “e-Governance service at Panchayat level for help people” is a system which provides the welfare scheme at Panchayat level accessible to the citizens. Before the work is manually done. In this section we add a scheme, certificates, taxes for uses or beneficially of the village, it is not only for one grampanchayat. We can do it for district also. The main objective of this paper is to create an implement the architecture framework for the e-governance that is beneficial all cost efficient for the Indian government. Through this model all government organization will infact efficiently and conveniently show her data infrastructure.

Index Terms - MMP, E-Government, ICT, GDP, Security, Cloud, Technical Challenging, Interoperability, Requirement Analysis.

I. INTRODUCTION

In recent year Government has taken many steps to improve its online services, like online payment, collection of bills, providing information to its branches through internet and getting their response, online various exam form related to government job, but still we are lagging in rural sector whereas in rural area roads, electricity and water reached out. When we talk about technology used in rural area like computer based services many villages are totally depend on small city nearby that village, not only people of that village depend on that small city but also government officers also depend, To minimize dependency on small city as well as minimizing time taken by government services to complete its work, we are

trying to build web based application which will help Gram panchayat to do following work: Gram panchayat Administration, Tax collection ,Birth registration ,Death registration ,Property assessment, Account of Gram panchayat , Issuing various certificate.

The “e-Governance service at Panchayat level for help people” is a system which provides the welfare scheme at Panchayat level accessible to the citizens. Using this system any citizen can know what and all the Govt. Schemes available for Children, Women, Disabled People, Labor, etc. Based on this information, a citizen can register and apply for the scheme to get benefit from the Govt. The Govt. representative Officer will verify the necessary documents for the applied scheme and approves the request. A citizen can view all available schemes as well he/she can know the status of their request through this portal.

II. PROPOSED SYSTEM

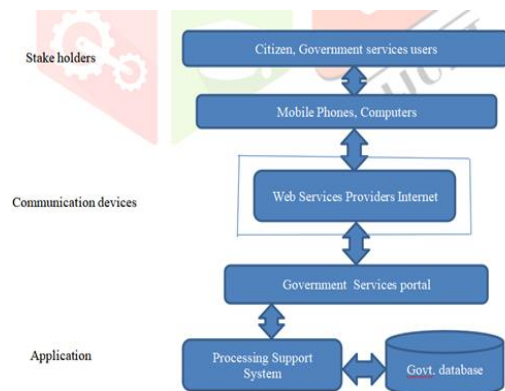
To overcome such challenges, a well-designated Architecture Governance has to be put in place considering all factors/sources of roadblocks which hinder the success of projects related to e-Governance. A Strategic framework for designating and implementation of e-government may be helpful. On the basis of the study of e-readiness in India and the challenges faced during implementation of e-government in India, a conceptual framework for the effective designing and implementation of e-government projects in India is suggested. This conceptual framework/model can be divided into five stages:

1. Vision for E-Government Implementation – In the first stage, the overall vision for the effective implementation of e-government has to be in this

level it must be planned that to what extent the e-government can be implemented.

2. Assessment of E-Readiness – To fulfil the vision, e-readiness of India must be assessed. It must be compared with respect to other countries. The e-readiness reveals the position of Indian environment with respect to the other countries e-governance.
3. Overcoming Challenges of E-Government – In the assessment process the challenges for effective framework of implementation of e-government must be exposed. These challenges are low literacy, non-awareness of IT, low per capita income and limited financial resource in India. The challenges should be overcome for the effective implementation of e-government. This can be done in various ways:
4. Making a policy choice in favour of computerization. It may require huge investments for the purchase of hardware and software solutions but should still be.
5. Sincere efforts would be required to mobilize resources for this arduous job. One way to deal with the situation could be that government enters into arrangements for leasing of
6. Establishing the best optimal connectivity between various ministries and departments of government of India so that transfer of documents, papers and images could be done through Internet thereby choosing better speed as an alternative to manual effort Supplying information to citizen in their local language that they understand and are comfortable with, for example their local dialect language.

III. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE



IV. RESULTS

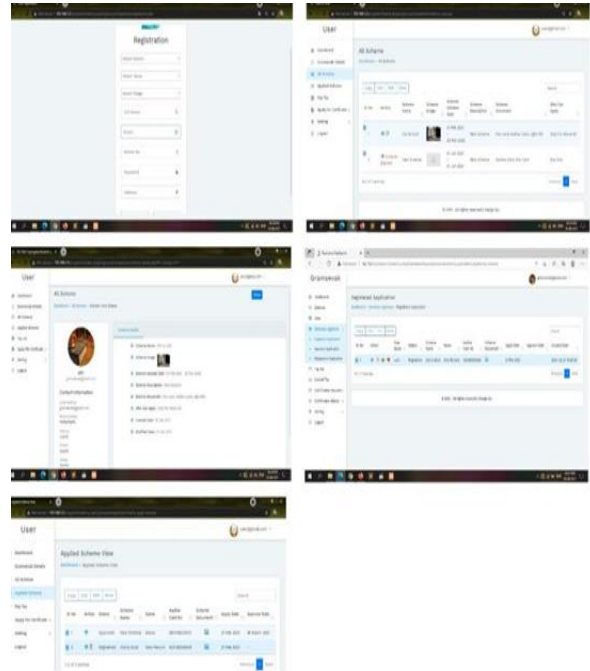


Fig.1.User Apply for Scheme

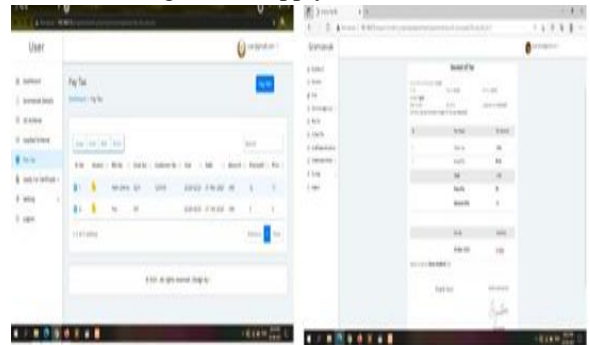


Fig.2.Pay Tax

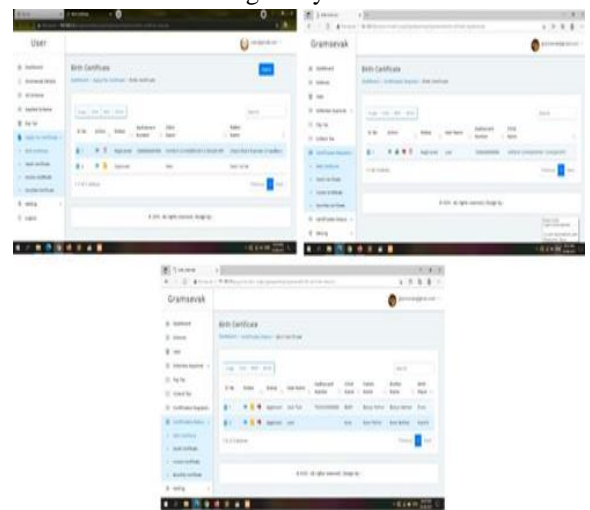


Fig.3.Apply for Certificates

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