

# The Crux of Classification and its need to the new generation students for there daily life

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**Abstract—** The purpose of writing this report is not only for any library. A suggestion based on the daily and future life needs of today's students or the new generation. Trying to discipline their future life. But the entire text is based on library principles of Dr. B. Ranganathan, the father of library science. These five (5) principles are:

**Books are for use.**

**Every person his or her book.**

**Every book its reader.**

**Save the time of the reader.**

**A library is agrowing organism.**

**According to this principle it is possible to find or help the reader to find the required book among millions of books within a short period of time and this work is only possible if the library is organized. To comply with this rule, I want to follow several principles of library science. Only then will success come.**

**Index Terms—** Classification , DDC , AI, Machine learning , Supervised learning, Reinforcement learning.

## I. INTRODUCTION

The lifestyle of today's children or students is quite messy - irregular and untidy. Where we often notice the coexistence of forks and spoons, socks, hats, and mosquito nets with books left on the table. And the job of parents is to put these messy things in the right place. It is clear from their faces that they are very unhappy with this job. This messy habit now affects their future life a lot. Our mothers and aunties keep all the items in the kitchen neatly arranged. Salt Yellow Mustard Greens ... Don't keep surf or baking pan with the cuto. So that you can easily get the useful material at hand in an instant. The same is called Classification. Literally means arrangement / grouping / classification. Keeping items of the same category neatly arranged in one place. The neater and neater this arrangement becomes, the easier it is to find each item. None of us leave the bedroom

or the kitchen to find a daily face wash brush or toothpaste. It is always kept in a fixed place near the basin. We keep our clothes in closets or clothes racks. Likewise, there is no need to search for hassle or frustration when every essential item is secured in a specific place. If there is a slight deviation, the stress increases. Due to not getting the necessary thing resentment also accumulates in the mind. The importance of proper arrangement is immense. Therefore, this report is for developing a correct idea about the classification of the new generation of students. Today's engineering or medical students may not be librarians in the future, but this taxonomy concept will streamline their daily lives

## II. METHODS & DISCUSSION

For example: A specific book can be discussed from a library. The reader comes to the library and wants to get a particular book. In this case, if the required book is not available for a long time, then it is natural for the reader to become reluctant towards the library. That reader no longer wants to come to the library. Gradually he turned away from the library. But the work of the librarian or all the library staff is to make the people against the library open to the library. Gradually he turned away from the library. But the work of the librarian or all the library staff is to make the people against the library open to the library. Serving them all in different ways. book for every reader according to Dr. Ranganathan's declared principles. So a simple idea can be given about how a librarian keeps the thousands or lakhs of books in a library neatly arranged. First: If the library is for the public, it has a variety of books. This 'type' should be selected first or example in a general library (category wise)- Puran/Religious , Texts/Poems/Story Novels/ Dramas/Poems/Rhymes/TextBooks/Essays/Physical/ Letters/Autobiographies/Newspapers/Political Books... There are various kinds of books like etc.

Now let's choose a textbook from the above classification to try to get a little deeper.

Textbooks need to be shared first. Children's elementary school books or secondary high school or college level?

I am choosing the “College” level to facilitate the discussion.

Many of the college students share :-

Pure Science/ Arts/ Commerce/ Vocational/ Medical/ Engineering. etc.

Among all these trades only “Engineering” is discussed. There are also many branches - Civil/ Mechanical/ Electrical/ Computer Science/ IT/ Electronics. etc.

I'm only highlighting “Computer Science” for the sake of going deeper. After completing the first two semesters of Computer Science students - Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics (applicable to all engineering students at all levels), six more semesters of computer related books are required : Big Data, Cyber Security, Artificial Intelligence, Data Science, Network Security, Networking, Software Engineering, Information Coding, Multimedia, Digital, Digital Forensic, Quantum Computing, Computer Vision, Digital Image Processing etc. Now, We are highlighting on “Artificial Intelligence “ (AI). There are some other AI related books like Machine Learning, Pattern Recognition, Deep Learning, N L P (Natural Language Processing), Expert System, Robotics, Soft Computing etc. Now, “Machine Learning” can be divided into three process: Supervised Learning, Unsupervised Learning , Reinforcement.

“Supervised Learning” can be divided into latest division: Linear Regression, Nonlinear Regression, Regression Trees, Bayesian Regression.

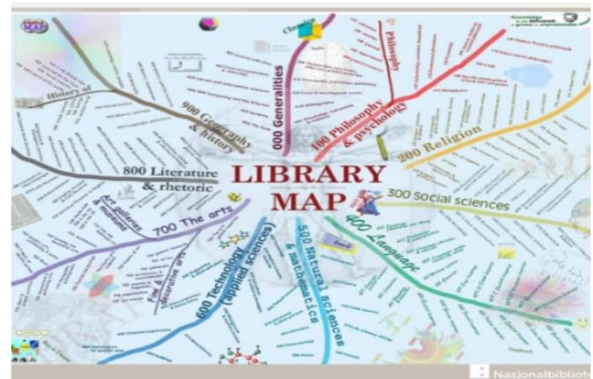
A Regression Tree refers to an algorithms where the target variable is and therefore the algorithms is employed to predict it's value.

It can be used to predict the relationship between reckless driving and the total number of road accident caused by a driver or to use a business example, the effect of sales and spending a certain amount of money on advertising. Or to predict the selling price of a residential house; which may be a continuous variable. Decision Trees are reliable and effective decision making technique that provide high classification accuracy in different areas of medical decision making

like to predict of heart disease, to predict Cancer CT Scan, MRI etc are used as Regression Trees.

Decision Tress for health care analysis are the most widely used machine learning algorithms used for both classification and Regression Trees.

No farther division is not possible at this time. This may be possible in future. Split Regression will find it's place that day. Keeping this possibility in mind, the later place has been left. Finally, there is no mention of Linear and Bayesian in DDC ; On which the whole library classification stands in the World. They have space to assign classification numbers according to new discovered process. The way all the books are neatly arranged in the library is given in the form of chalk in the picture attached in next page:



Summaries :

First Summary : The Ten Main Classes-

- 000 Computer science, information & general works
- 100 Philosophy & psychology
- 200 Religion
- 300 Social sciences
- 400 Language
- 500 Science
- 600 Technology
- 700 Arts & recreation
- 800 Literature
- 900 History & geography

Second Summary : The Hundred Divisions-

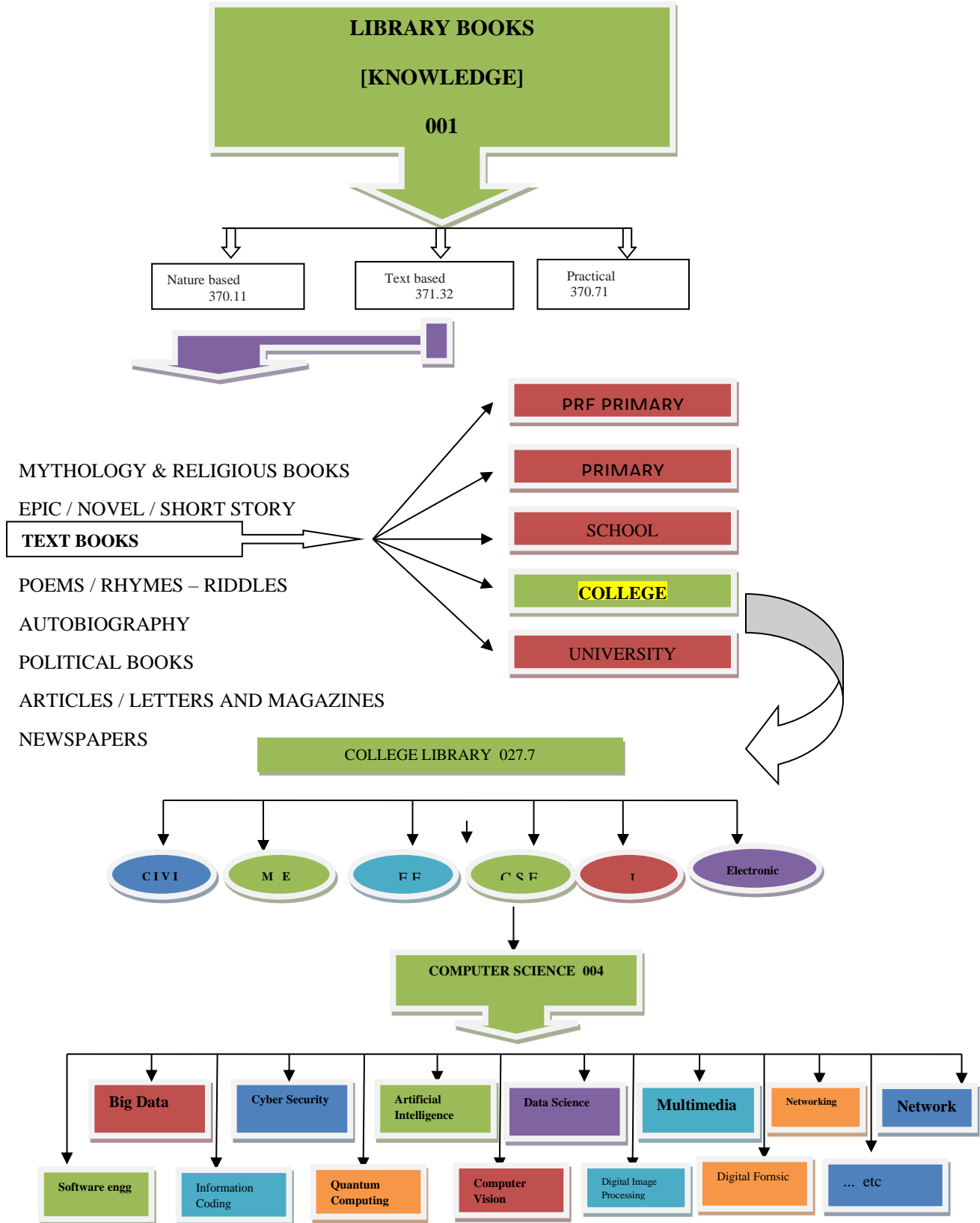
- 000 Computer science, knowledge & systems
- 010 Bibliographies

020 Library & information sciences	360 Social problems & social services
030 Encyclopedias & books of facts	370 Education
040 [Unassigned]	380 Commerce, communications & transportation
050 Magazines, journals & serials	390 Customs, etiquette & folklore
060 Associations, organizations & museums	400 Language
070 News media, journalism & publishing	410 Linguistics
080 Quotations	420 English & Old English languages
090 Manuscripts & rare books	430 German & related languages
100 Philosophy	440 French & related languages
110 Metaphysics	450 Italian, Romanian & related languages
120 Epistemology	460 Spanish & Portuguese languages
130 Parapsychology & occultism	470 Latin & Italic languages
140 Philosophical schools of thought	480 Classical & modern Greek languages
150 Psychology	490 Other languages
160 Logic	500 Science
170 Ethics	510 Mathematics
180 Ancient, medieval & eastern philosophy	520 Astronomy
190 Modern western philosophy	530 Physics
200 Religion	540 Chemistry
210 Philosophy & theory of religion	550 Earth sciences & geology
220 The Bible	560 Fossils & prehistoric life
230 Christianity & Christian theology	570 Life sciences; biology
240 Christian practice & observance	580 Plants (Botany)
250 Christian pastoral practice & religious orders	590 Animals (Zoology)
260 Christian organization, social work & worship	600 Technology
270 History of Christianity	610 Medicine & health
280 Christian denominations	620 Engineering
290 Other religions	630 Agriculture
300 Social sciences, sociology & anthropology	640 Home & family management
310 Statistics	650 Management & public relations
320 Political science	660 Chemical engineering
330 Economics	670 Manufacturing
340 Law	680 Manufacture for specific uses
350 Public administration & military science	690 Building & construction

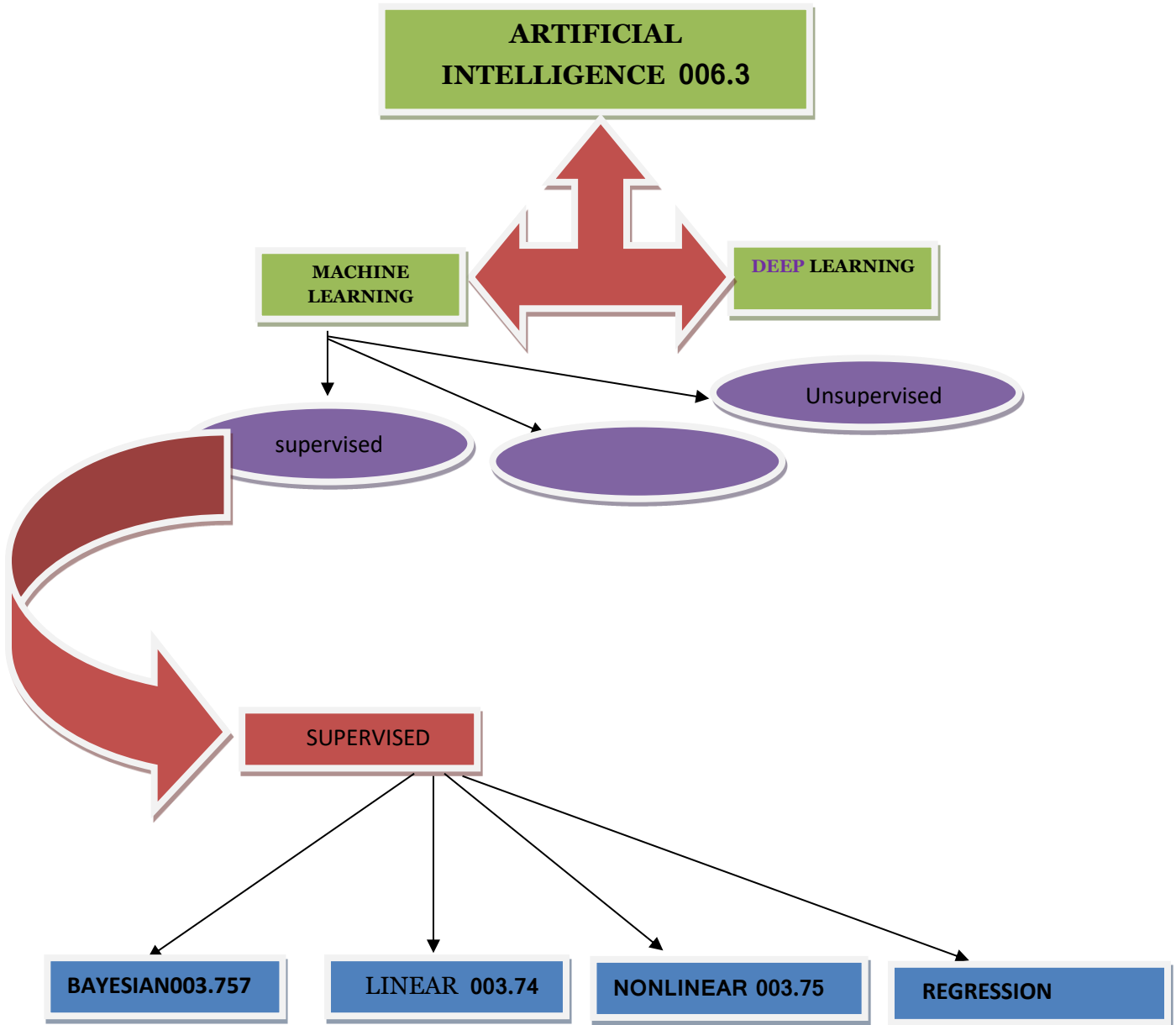
700 Arts	004 Data processing & computer science
710 Landscaping & area planning	005 Computer programming, programs & data
720 Architecture	006 Special computer methods
730 Sculpture, ceramics & metalwork	007 [Unassigned]
740 Drawing & decorative arts	008 [Unassigned]
750 Painting	009 [Unassigned]
760 Graphic arts	010 Bibliography
770 Photography & computer art	011 Bibliographies
780 Music	012 Bibliographies of individuals
790 Sports, games & entertainment	013 [Unassigned]
800 Literature, rhetoric & criticism	014 Of anonymous & pseudonymous works
810 American literature in English	015 Bibliographies of works from specific places
820 English & Old English literatures	016 Bibliographies of works on specific subjects
830 German & related literatures	017 General subject catalogs
840 French & related literatures	018 Catalogs arranged by author, date, etc.
850 Italian, Romanian & related literatures	019 Dictionary catalogs
860 Spanish & Portuguese literatures	020 Library & information sciences
870 Latin & Italic literatures	021 Library relationships
880 Classical & modern Greek literatures	022 Administration of physical plant
890 Other literatures 900 History	023 Personnel management
910 Geography & travel	024 [Unassigned]
920 Biography & genealogy	025 Library operations
930 History of ancient world (to ca. 499)	026 Libraries for specific subjects
940 History of Europe	027 General libraries
950 History of Asia	028 Reading & use of other information media
960 History of Africa	029 [Unassigned]
970 History of North America	030 General encyclopedic works
980 History of South America	031 Encyclopedias in American English
990 History of other areas	032 Encyclopedias in English
<b>Third Summary : The Thousand Sections-</b>	033 In other Germanic languages
000 Computer science, information & general works	034 Encyclopedias in French, Occitan & Catalan
001 Knowledge	035 In Italian, Romanian & related languages
002 The book	036 Encyclopedias in Spanish & Portuguese
003 Systems	037 Encyclopedias in Slavic languages

- 038 Encyclopedias in Scandinavian languages
- 039 Encyclopedias in other languages
- 040 [Unassigned] 041 [Unassigned]
- 042 [Unassigned]
- 043 [Unassigned]
- 044 [Unassigned]
- 045 [Unassigned]
- 046 [Unassigned]
- 047 [Unassigned]
- 048 [Unassigned]
- 049 [Unassigned]
- 050 General serial publications
- 051 Serials in American English
- 052 Serials in English
- 053 Serials in other Germanic languages
- 054 Serials in French, Occitan & Catalan
- 055 In Italian, Romanian & related languages
- 056 Serials in Spanish & Portuguese
- 057 Serials in Slavic languages
- 058 Serials in Scandinavian languages
- 059 Serials in other languages
- 060 General organizations & museum science
- 061 Organizations in North America
- 062 Organizations in British Isles; in England
- 063 Organizations in central Europe; in Germany
- 064 Organizations in France & Monaco
- 065 Organizations in Italy & adjacent islands
- 066 In Iberian Peninsula & adjacent islands
- 067 Organizations in eastern Europe; in Russia
- 068 Organizations in other geographic areas
- 069 Museum science
- 070 News media, journalism & publishing
- 071 Newspapers in North America
- 072 Newspapers in British Isles; in England
- 073 Newspapers in central Europe; in Germany
- 074 Newspapers in France & Monaco
- 075 Newspapers in Italy & adjacent islands
- 076 In Iberian Peninsula & adjacent islands
- 077 Newspapers in eastern Europe; in Russia
- 078 Newspapers in Scandinavia
- 079 Newspapers in other geographic areas
- 080 General collections
- 081 Collections in American English
- 082 Collections in English
- 083 Collections in other Germanic languages
- 084 Collections in French, Occitan & Catalan
- 085 In Italian, Romanian & related languages
- 086 Collections in Spanish & Portuguese
- 087 Collections in Slavic languages
- 088 Collections in Scandinavian languages
- 089 Collections in other languages
- 090 Manuscripts & rare books
- 091 Manuscripts 092 Block books
- 093 Incunabula 094 Printed books
- 095 Books notable for bindings
- 096 Books notable for illustrations
- 097 Books notable for ownership or origin
- 098 Prohibited works, forgeries & hoaxes
- 099 Books notable

FLOW CHART



Continuation of the flow chart :



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BUIE  
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