

# FindDoc - Your Healthcare Companion

Vinay Solanki<sup>1</sup>, Nimisha Ghadage<sup>2</sup>, Aniket Dhakane<sup>3</sup> and Prof. Harshal Mahajan<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1,2,3</sup>Student, Indira College of Engineering and Management, Pune

<sup>4</sup>Guide, Indira College of Engineering and Management, Pune

**Abstract—FindDoc is a comprehensive online healthcare platform that connects patients and healthcare providers, transforming the way people access medical services. With a user-friendly interface and a wealth of features, FindDoc is a one-stop solution for all your healthcare needs. FindDoc's commitment to healthcare excellence, reliability, and innovation makes it a trusted companion for individuals and families on their healthcare journeys. Experience the convenience and peace of mind that come with easy access to healthcare services on FindDoc's platform.**

**Key Features: Doctor Appointments, Telemedicine, Health Information, Diagnostic Services, Medicine Delivery, Hospital and Clinic Information, Health Records**

## I. INTRODUCTION

People's willingness to use the mobile internet to access information and services from everywhere and everywhere has increased along with the availability of mobile phones. With various and variable characteristics in all areas and specialties, smartphone apps have arisen and are now available in electronic stores like the Apple store, Google Play, and others. With database servers running in the background, web applications can search for nearby hospitals that are listed in a database and should also provide a summary of their information, with the hospital's location being displayed on a map. When a victim cannot be transported to the hospital that is best for them, valuable time is frequently lost.

The problem is that one cannot know in advance whether the hospital has the resources the victim needs, even though it is not difficult to locate the closest hospital with today's technology. If someone is not feeling good and want to go for the doctor for his checkup, then he must visit hospital and where he has to wait for long hours until the doctor is free.

## II. PROBLEM STATEMENT

*Many people struggle to find and access the right healthcare services, including doctors, clinics,*

*hospitals, and diagnostic centers. This often leads to delays in treatment and hinders overall healthcare management. Patients often face challenges in making informed decisions about their healthcare providers. Booking appointments with healthcare providers can be a time-consuming process. Patients may have to make multiple calls or visits to get an appointment, leading to frustration and inefficiency. Managing personal health records is often disorganized, leading to difficulties in sharing information with healthcare professionals, tracking medical history, and ensuring continuity of care.*

## III. LITERATURE SURVEY

The literature survey is an important first step in our research, which focuses on how important it is for people to get the medical facilities, and quick answer to question of which doctor to visit for fast recovery. To find out and trace the location easily. To learn how to arrange the video consultations and collaborations for patients to talk with doctors. Searching only the doctor according to his specializations and locating the hospital for the patient. By studying the appointment booking systems and feedback management system and nearest path finding algorithms for finding the nearest best doctor the new system will be created with more integrated facilities, with more reliability for the people.

## IV. PROPOSED SYSTEM

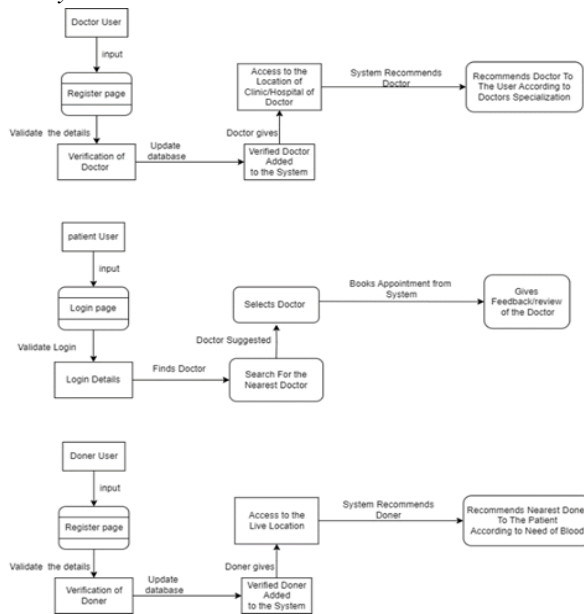
The proposed FindDoc web application aims to provide users with a efficient platform for locating and scheduling appointments with healthcare professionals. Users will be able to create accounts, build detailed profiles, and easily search for doctors based on criteria such as location, specialty, and availability. The application will boast a comprehensive database of doctors, complete with detailed profiles, patient reviews, and real-time appointment availability. Seamless appointment

booking, integrated telemedicine options, and location-based services will enhance the user experience. The system will prioritize security and compliance with healthcare regulations, including secure payment processing and, if applicable, adherence to HIPAA standards. Regular updates, user support features, and a mobile-responsive design will contribute to the overall effectiveness.

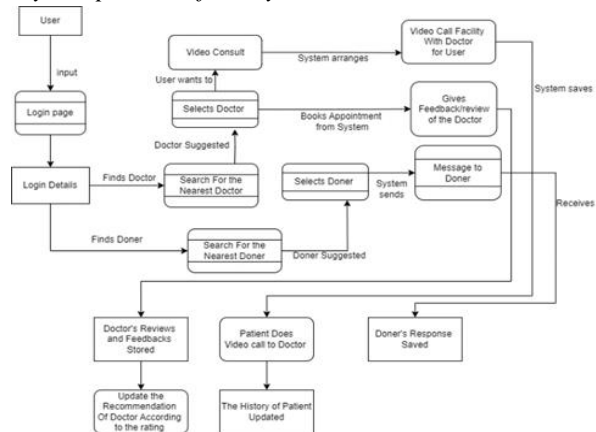
V. DESIGN

A. Data flow diagram

The Level 0 DFD represents the main components of the System.



The Level 1 DFD provides a more detailed view of the key components of the System.



B. UML Diagrams

1. Use case diagram

A use case diagram shows how users interact with the system visually. It showshow users can find the doctor,

book appointments, find Lab Tests and Surgery options etc. Use Case also defines how a user can login into the system and how doctors can also use the system very efficiently.

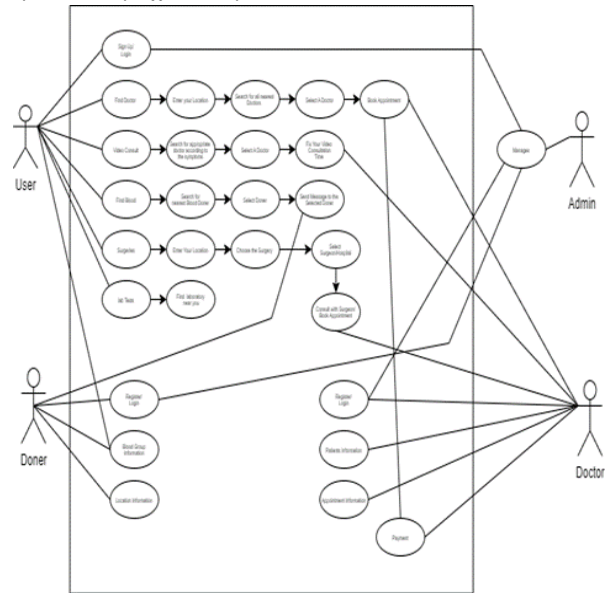


Fig. Use Case Diagram

2. Activity Diagram

Activity diagrams illustrate the workflow of the whole system.

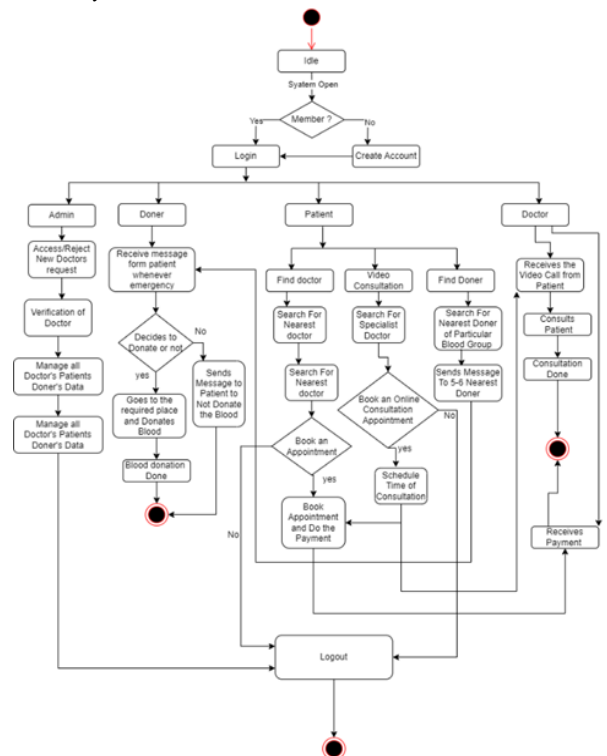


Fig. Activity Diagram

**Sequence Diagram**

The series of interactions between the user and the system during the user interaction with system.

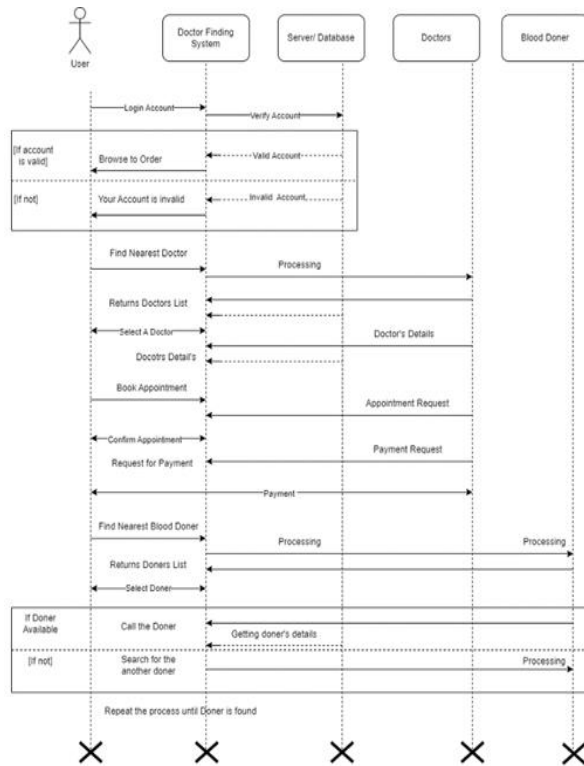


Fig. Sequence Diagram

**3. Class Diagram**

The class diagram gives the detail view of the systems classes and their association with each other. The system primarily revolves around User classes, such as Patient and Doctor, each equipped with attributes like ID, contact information, and relevant methods for activities like searching for doctors and booking appointments. Authentication and authorization are ensured through the User Account class. Search and filtering functionalities are managed by the Search Engine and Filter Criteria classes, while Appointment and Appointment Scheduler handle appointment-related tasks.

This comprehensive class diagram forms the foundational structure for the doctor finding application, encompassing user interactions, system functionalities, and data management.

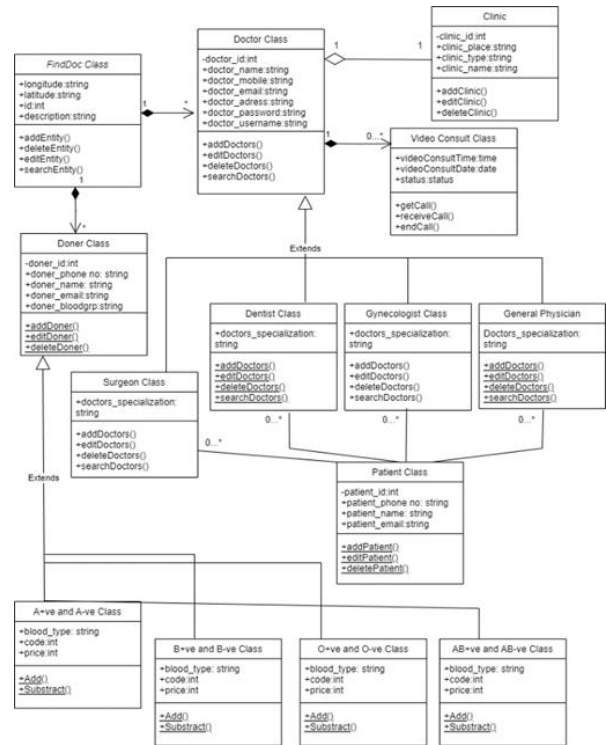


Fig. Class Diagram

**V. IMPLEMENTATION**

The implementation of a doctor finding web application involves leveraging web development technologies to create an intuitive and efficient platform for users. The application's frontend is designed using HTML, CSS, JavaScript, ReactJs, Scss to ensure a responsive and visually appealing user interface. Backend development employs server-side languages like Node.js, coupled with frameworks such as Express.js. A relational database like MySQL is employed to store user data, doctor information, and appointment details. APIs may be utilized for integrating geolocation services, ensuring accurate doctor searches. Security measures, including user authentication and data encryption, are implemented to safeguard sensitive information. The application may leverage third-party libraries or frameworks for features like appointment scheduling, real-time messaging, and payment processing. Finally, rigorous testing and continuous integration practices are employed to ensure the application's reliability, and deployment is typically achieved through cloud services or dedicated hosting servers.

## VI. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, FindDoc represents a significant and innovative solution in the healthcare industry, providing a comprehensive platform for patients, healthcare providers, and administrators. It offers a wide range of features and functionalities aimed at streamlining healthcare services, improving patient access, and enhancing communication between healthcare professionals and patients. However, the development and implementation of a healthcare platform come with substantial challenges and considerations, including regulatory compliance, data security, scalability, and user adoption. Successful project planning, risk management, and resource allocation are critical for the successful deployment of such a complex healthcare platform. To summarize, FindDoc holds the potential to significantly impact the healthcare ecosystem by making healthcare services more accessible and efficient. Still, it requires careful planning, technical expertise, and continuous adaptation to address the evolving needs of patients, healthcare providers, and the ever-changing healthcare landscape

## REFERENCE

- [1] A. Ahmed, M. T. Mahmud and M. M. Khan, "Info Hospital: Web/Mobile Application based Health Care System," 2022 6th International Conference on Computing Methodologies and Communication (ICCMC), 2022, pp. 1546-1552.
- [2] A.Karakra, F. Fontanili, E. Lamine and J. Lamothe, "HospiT'Win: A Predictive Simulation-Based Digital Twin for Patients Pathways in Hospital," 2019 IEEE EMBS International Conference on Biomedical & Health Informatics (BHI), 2019, pp. 1-4.
- [3] D. K. S. Nadiger, J. Dhanush, R. Vikas, S. K. B V, A. R. Naik and C. G. M, "E-Health Tracker: An IoT 1 Cloud Based Health Monitoring System," 2022 4th International Conference on Smart Systems and Inventive Technology (ICSSIT), 2022, pp. 35-39.
- [4] F. Anjum, A. S. M. Shoaib, A. I. Hossain and M. M. Khan, "Online health care," 2018 IEEE 8th Annual Computing and Communication Workshop and Conference (CCWC), 2018, pp. 580-583.
- [5] H. Chafekar, A. Sundas and S. Sharma, "Health1Related Web Application: Virtual Hospital," 2021 9th International Conference on Reliability, Infocom Technologies and Optimization (Trends and Future Directions) (ICRITO), 2021, pp. 1-5.
- [6] J. Ke, X. -J. Chen and J. -P. Gou, "Follow-up data analysis of Internet hospital patients based on Kano Model," 2021 International Conference on Big Data Engineering and Education (BDEE), 2021, pp. 1-5.
- [7] K. Parane, N.C. Patil, S.R. Poojara and T.S. Kamble, "Cloud-based Intelligent Healthcare Monitoring System", 2014 IEEE International Conference on Issues and Challenges in Intelligent Computing Techniques, 2014.
- [8] Ping He, Jingsheng Lin, and Ming Zuo, "Construction and Practices of Medical Alliance Reservation Services Platform", Journal of Medical Informatics, vol. 32, no. 10, pp. 27-30, 2011.
- [9] Michael J. P, and Daniel Billsus, "Content-based recommendation systems", The Adaptive Web, vol. 4321, pp. 325-341, May 2007.
- [10] X. Y Su and Taghi M. Khoshgoftaar, "A Survey of Collaborative Filtering Techniques", Advances in Artificial Intelligence, vol. 2009, 2009.