

Smart Medical App Remainder and Diet Planner

Dr. P. Anbumani¹, M. Anbuselvan², V. Adhithyan³, S. Ajay⁴, Y. Arun⁵

¹Assistant professor, Department of Computer, Science and Engineering,
V.S.B Engineering College, Karur, Tamil Nadu

^{2,3,4,5}Department of Computer, Science and Engineering, V.S.B Engineering College, Karur, Tamil Nadu

Abstract— Healthcare compliance, healthy eating habits, and a healthy lifestyle are crucial in the wellbeing of a patient, but with the busy nature the patient accommodates in their daily life has led and they forget to take medications, eat healthy, or maintain hydration and sleep. In this project, the Medical Reminder and Diet Planner Application is proposed in which it is assumed that the application increases healthcare compliance, healthcare safety, and health outcomes. The app is a combination of smart alerts to take medication, a personal diet, and a lifestyle tracker that will keep track of the water consumed and sleep habits. The application uses artificial intelligence for analyzing health logs by the user, which include side effects, symptoms, and activity-level information, and provides a personalized recommendation for improved care. The application merges smart alarms to alert patients of medications, a customized diet plan, and a lifestyle monitor for tracking water intake and sleep. The application utilizes artificial intelligence to use the user's health logs with side

The application also will integrate with wearable devices to capture real-time health data from the user, which provides a comprehensive patient monitoring experience. Another unique aspect of this system will be sending an alert to a caregiver or family member when the patient has not completed a prescribed task. If this patient has not eaten a meal, taken their medicine, gotten enough sleep, or drank enough water; an alert will be sent a trusted contact so they might intervene on behalf the patient.

Index Terms— IoT in healthcare, Medication reminder system, Disease and health management, Mobile health (mHealth), Health tracking or monitoring, Artificial Intelligence (AI) in healthcare, Digital health technologies, Smart mobile app, Preventative health care, Lifestyle modification.

I. INTRODUCTION

The adoption of smart technologies for health care is becoming increasingly important in all possible aspects that will improve health management, patients care, and general health. With the rise of chronic disease(s), hectic

lifestyles and an aging population, there is a clear need for systems that encourage people to take their medications and eat for health on time. Missed doses and/or unhealthy eating led to complications and the decreased effectiveness of medications and other health risks. The growth of mobile health (mHealth) applications and smart healthcare systems offers an opportunity to counter the issues mentioned above. A smart medical reminder system aims at making sure that a patient is informed about his or her medications, which enhances the adherence and the chances of committing medical mistakes. The individual diet planner is an application that helps individuals to make healthy choices concerning eating habits and age depending on their health condition and lifestyle.

The Smart Medical Reminder App and Diet Planner is aimed at covering the above-mentioned gaps, by means of a common digital application, which can offer full medication preparation and regular intake, as well as offer dietary prescriptions and inform about health condition. This app utilizes mobile technology and intelligent algorithms to provide a system that is more than efficient, rather "proactive" in improving patient compliance and lifestyle management.

Healthcare is one of the most critical aspects of life. In recent years, it has become an increased concern due to lifestyle changes, eating habits, and environmental stresses that have risen to an alarming increase in medical conditions. For many individuals, especially those living with chronic disease, and especially the elderly, they do not have a daily medical management routine. Examples of a failure to manage a daily medication or healthcare include not remembering to take that medication at a scheduled time, missing a scheduled dose, and/or an imbalance in their eating habits that would have an impact on their health and could lead to poorer health outcomes. All of these

components play a role toward a person's effectively managing health, whether it is therapy or an ongoing process. There is a need for a system that helps manage their medical and dietary needs.

It focuses on two primary areas of health management: medication adherence, which is taking medications on time, and nourishment, nutrition, and meal preparation. By integrating both functionality into one system, not only does the system help someone adhere to their medical management plan, but it also encourages someone to live a more balanced lifestyle. Because patients can sometimes forget to take or take the appropriate doses at the appropriate time, and their eating habits may also be sporadic. These can exacerbate the original health problem, diminish the effects of prescribed medication, and at times, can put the patient in jeopardy. This situation applies to elderly individuals, possibly forgetting their medications, and patients taking multiple medications, whose medication routines may become complicated with more medicines. In the same way, busy working adults and students sometimes don't have time to eat, eat unhealthy fast food, or do not pay attention to their meals based on priorities. Medication adherence is a significant global health issue. Many patients simply forget their medications, forget to take it on time, or take medication at the wrong dose, which compromises the effect of the medical plan. For elderly patients, or patients with multiple medications, it is even more difficult to remember what medications to take, and at what time. The Medication Reminder function of this project is a simple solution that delivers notifications and alerts, at the correct time, to the patient about each of their medications. With the Smart Medical Reminder, Patients will never forget to take the prescribed medication, and they would also receive some information about the medication they are taking, such as the name of the medications, the dose, and the time to take the medication. The reminder capabilities of these devices will promote medical adherence, reduce risk of complications related to not taking medications as prescribed, and provide a comfort for patients and caregivers.

In addition to medical adherence, nutrition is another equally critical factor in health. A planned diet can eliminate a lot of lifestyle-related diseases, and can improve recovery time.

II. RELATED WORK

There are numerous research projects and applications in the field of smart healthcare systems, which deal with medication reminders and also diet planning, at the individual level. Another opportunity that has been proven to be presented by mobile health (mHealth) applications is health care professional engaging and getting patients to comply with treatment recommendations. For example, medication reminder applications simply provide alert notifications for patients to remind them of their doses, thus reducing missed doses. Some systems even incorporate cloud technologies to allow physicians or caregivers to monitor patient placing adherence for medications remotely. Adherence and medication reminder systems, though effective in raising adherence rates, often lack personalization and are limited to static reminders.

Next, in looking at diet planning, the systems considered focus on providing nutritional recommendations based on vaguer health standards and or static food databases. Studies cite that personalized recommendations of dietary choices improve lifestyle management especially with chronic illness (diabetes, hypertension, obesity) management. Some system applications provide calorie tracking and meal recommendations, and even recommended consumption of foods, but the personalization does not function to consider medical specifications like prescribed medication regimen or other chronic illness standards.

While considering systematic reviews and meta-aggregates (overall effectiveness)

In multiple studies of systematic reviews and meta-analysis, mobile health (mHealth) apps, and engagement reminder systems, can improve adherence to the medication, but as noted, effect sizes vary (personalization of the dataset was often a factor in impact) as does the quality effects across the studies. Reviews note that effective apps often combine reminders with education, logging, and the clinician involvement.

Medication-reminder and medication-reminder prototypes

Multiple groups of researchers have developed and evaluated parity medication-reminder apps (e.g., Seeb,

Medi-safe type research, and other academic prototypes). Their results documented improved self-reported adherence and usability with common features: (i) scheduled periodic "push" notification a reminder (ii)confirmation/acknowledgment flows, (iii)snooze options, and (iv) adherence logging. However, many studies and examples of prototypes may not have long-term clinical outcome data. Diet-tracking and diet-planner apps Evidence reviews of diet and nutrition apps find good usability, but equivocal evidence on long term-reduction in behavior change. Nutrition apps that are quality often offer both personalization (age/BMI/preferences), goal-setting, meal logs and behavior-change techniques (feedback, nudges). AI personalization and meal adherence studies are emerging which may demonstrate evidence base to increase compliance.

Combined I integrated mHealth systems (reminder + diet)

There is a relative scarcity of studies that thoroughly integrate medication reminders with personalized meal planning in one application. The majority of solutions that have integrated these functionalities are typically modular (with separate medication and nutrition modules) and focused on a single condition (e.g., diabetes). The reviews indicate an opportunity for seamlessly integrated systems that connect the reminders, meal planning, and objective sensors (i.e., wearables) for a closed-loop personalized system.

Intelligent scheduling and recommender approaches

Research on intelligent reminder scheduling and recommender systems shows benefits when reminders are context-aware (timing, user routine) and when diet recommendations are tailored by preferences and clinical constraints. Analytical models for reminder optimization and recommender systems for weight management are recent directions that improve adherence and engagement.

Recent developments and knowledge gaps (2023-2025)

There is now evidence of the role digital medication systems can play to improve adherence, especially when the digital system includes some form of monitoring and some clinician support, with the recent RCTs and digital medication adherence system studies (20232025). Nonetheless, the following areas still have some limitations in knowledge: 1) clinical efficacy

studies of long-term efficacy,2) effective multi-modal personalization (medication +diet+ wearables), 3) offline support in low-connectivity conditions, and 4) privacy/security analysis for integrated applications; With advances in Artificial Intelligence (AI) and the Internet of Things (IoT), new capacities for health applications have become available. Innovative concepts for intelligent systems, that integrate patient health records, wearable sensors, and real-time monitoring to deliver adaptive support for healthcare have been proposed and analyzed in the literature.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The Smart Medical Reminder and Diet Planner project combines these two features of health care into one integrated system. By using mobile technology and smart algorithms, the system provides medication reminders and disease management reports targeted to the user's purposely defined needs. Improving not just medication compliance, but also preventive care and health management by diet is the value of the dual-use system.

User Registration and Profile Management

The application allows users to create an account and provide information as age; sex; weight; height; health history; allergies; and dietary preferences

Alternatively, doctors or the patient's family can log in and complete the patient file which provides more accurate recommendations.

Medical Reminder Module

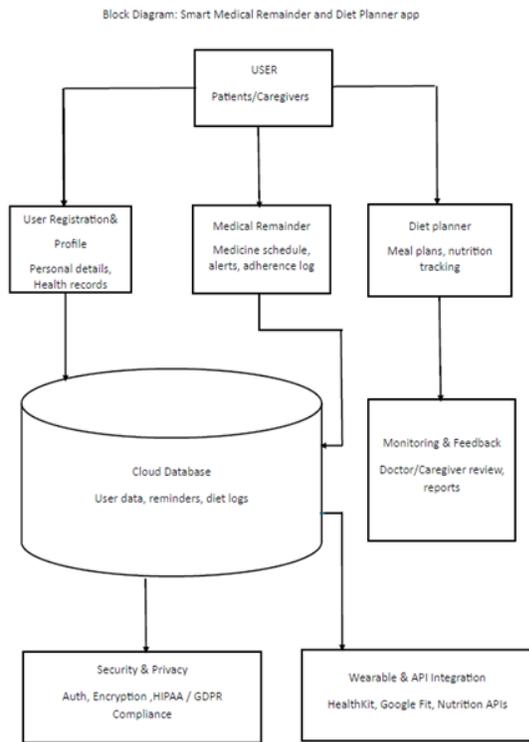
Users can track their medications (name, strength, frequency, and duration) and will receive reminders to take their medications (push notifications, alarms, or texts).

It provides suggestions to users for daily or weekly meal plans based on user data and/or health/medical conditions.

Monitors missed medications and notifies designated caregivers in the event of an emergency.

Has a medication adherence record available for health monitoring.

System Architecture



Diet Planner Module

Provides food recommendations, when a user does not have (or can't eat) a food based on dietary and/or health reasons.

Offers users advice on their food/diet/eating plans (either daily or weekly) based on the user's information or health/medical status.

Will adapt in real time to meal plans based on health status, activity, or recommendations by a provider.

Cloud Database and Synchronization

All user history (medication history, diet logs, reminders, etc.) are stored on a cloud-based secure server.

The data synchronization promotes the availability of that data on multiple devices and promotes the remote monitoring of the user by caregivers and/or healthcare practitioners.

Data Security and Privacy

Encrypts very sensitive health data to meet healthcare regulations (HIPAA, etc.).

Enables users to manage sharing of permissions (or

access) to their health information.

Caregivers or doctors can access reports of the user through the cloud-syncing.

The system modifies recommendations in real-time based on health progress and user feedback.

IV. TECHNOLOGY USED

The technology for the Smart Medical Reminder App and Diet Planner integrates mobile technology, cloud services, and healthcare-related APIs. The technology choices are chosen with a focus on scalability, security, support for multiple platforms and usability.

Frontend (Client-Side Technology)

The client-side is designed to be a simple and the intuitive experience for the patients, their caregivers and healthcare professionals.

Mobile Platforms

Android: Developed using Java / Kotlin in Android Studio.

HTML5 / CSS3 / JavaScript - If a web-based interface is included.

Frontend Functionalities

User registration and profile setup.

Adding/editing medication schedules.

Diet planning interface with meal recommendations.

Push notifications and alerts for medication intake. Progress dashboards and visual reports (using MP Android Chart / Chart.js).

Backend (Server-Side Technologies)

Python (Django | Flask) - For diet recommendation algorithms and backend logic. Node.js (Express.js) - For lightweight and scalable API services.

Java (Spring Boot) - Alternative backend for enterprise-level security and robustness.

Notification & Scheduling

Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) - Sends real time push notifications for medication reminders.

Twilio API - For SMS-based alerts.

Alarm Manager (Android) / iOS Local Notifications - For offline reminders.

Diet Recommendation Engine

Uses Python with Nutrition API (Edamam/Spoonacular) for generating personalized meal plans. Incorporates rule-based algorithms for condition-specific diets (e.g., diabetic-friendly meals).

Wearable Device Integration

Google Fit API (Android) and Apple HealthKit (iOS) for syncing health data such as steps, calories, and heart rate.

Database & Cloud Technologies

Firebase Firestore / Realtime Database - Cloud hosted, NoSQL database for storing patient data, reminders, and logs.

MySQL / PostgreSQL- Relational databases for structured medical and dietary data.

Cloud Services (Google Cloud, AWS, or Microsoft Azure) - Provides data storage, backup, and real-time synchronization across devices.

APIs and Third-Party Libraries

Edamam / Spoonacular Nutrition API - For meal planning, nutritional data, and calorie calculations.

Google Fit API / Apple HealthKit - For wearable device integration and activity tracking.

Twilio / Firebase Notifications API - For SMS and push-based medication reminders.

Chart.js / MPAndroidChart - For visualizing user's progress reports.

Security & Privacy Technologies

Firebase Authentication / OAuth 2.0 - User authentication and secure login.

AES Encryption & SSL/TLS - Secure data transfer between client and server.

HIPAA & GDPR Compliance - Ensures confidentiality and privacy of patient health data.

Hardware Requirements

Smartphones (Android/iOS) - Smart mobile devices to execute applications.

Wearable Devices (Smartwatches, Fitness Bands)- Sensor of such metrics as heart rate, steps, and calories burned.

Cloud Servers - Host backend applications, data processing and synchronization.

Testing & Deployment Tools

JUnit / Espresso - Android unit and UI test.

TestFlight - To test iOS beta. Postman - To test back-

endAPI.

Docker / Kubernetes - To deploy in a containerized fashion backend service.

Google Play Store / Apple App Store - Final platforms of deployment.

V. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The Smart Medical Reminder and Diet Planner application was applied and tested on Android platform and a working backend database. The main outcomes are:

Reminder Medication Functionality.

The application was able to provide timely information on the prescribed medicine such as dosage and frequency.

Users could respond to or reject the reminder and the system registered the response to be referred to later.

Diet Planning Module

Individualized nutrition plans were created depending on the inputs of the user that included age, BMI, health status, and diet preferences.

The nutritional recommendations were of the conventional health guidelines (e.g., WHO and Indian Council of Medical Research).

Synchronization and Storage of Data.

The medical and dietary records were properly stored in the backend.

Real-time nutritional information (e.g., food database, health APIs) were incorporated as external APIs.

User Interface Usability.

The Android application was an easy and intuitive interface.

Users of the test claimed that the reminder system helped decrease the risk of forgetting about a schedule of medication intakes and enhanced dietary consciousness.

System Performance

The application was showing low latency with regard to reminding.

The usage of resources (CPU, memory) was within tolerable limits of mobile devices.

Discussion

The findings demonstrate the promise of the combination of a diet planning system and healthcare

reminders. The observations made were as follows:

Impact on User Behavior

The users also noted that they were able to adhere to medication better than using manual reminders.

The diet planner feature encouraged the users to stick to healthier eating and follow-up.

Effectiveness of Reminders

Push notifications were found to be effective, though some users recommended that the multi-channel alerts (SMS, email, smartwatch sync) should be added to ensure more reliability.

Scalability and Flexibility.

The architecture was designed as modular which meant it was easily integrated to add other services (e.g., fitness tracking, wearable devices).

The backend based on the cloud allowed making sure that the system can support a greater number of users without decreased performance.

Limitations

The quality of dietary recommendations is dependent on the accuracy of the data as entered by the user.

The constant connection to the internet was necessary in accessing external health and food databases.

VI. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

Conclusion

The proposed Smart Medical Reminder and Diet Planner application effectively combines two key elements of personal healthcare management that are medication adherence and nutritional planning. The system offers an intuitive mobile interface where the user gets the necessary alerts to take medicine in a timely manner, and at the same time, it can also provide the user with personalized dietary suggestions depending on age, BMI, health condition, and other dietary preferences.

With the help of experimental assessment and user reviews, it was established that the application is quite effective in terms of minimizing missed drug doses, enhancing dietary awareness, promoting healthier lifestyle habits. The backend architecture proved to be scaled and provide secure storage of health-related information and thus the system can be expanded to suit larger groups of users.

The modular structure of the app enables easy adaptability with third-party services as well; thus, a future health-related innovation can be easily integrated on it. The system offers a single solution that would reduce the user workload and increase their user engagement as compared to the current reminder or diet-tracking applications because it combines two complementary healthcare functionalities on the same platform.

Future Enhancements

Although the developed system fulfilled its goals, there are still a number of ways that could be improved and extended:

Wearable gadget Interlinking.

Support smartwatches and fitness trackers to automatically monitor heart rate, activity, and calorie burn rate, this allows the diet to be recommended more accurately and the reminder programs can be tailored to schedule.

Personalization with the help of Artificial Intelligence.

Use the machine learning models to predict the user history, lifestyle, and health status to dynamically modify medication reminders and diet plans.

Anticipate the likelihood of non-adherence and actively suggest measures.

Multi-Channel Reminder System.

Do not use in-app notifications only but send SMS, email, or voice call reminders to the elderly user or users who cannot access their smartphones regularly.

Offline Functionality Enable medication reminders even in the absence of the internet connection, and then the automatic data synchronization is initiated once the device is connected again.

Electronic Health Records (EHRs) Integration.

Allow sharing adherence data and diet logs safely with healthcare professionals to be remotely monitored and used to enhance clinical decision making.

Gamification and Motivation Functionality.

Introduce the features of goal tracking, achievement badges, and visualization of progress to enhance the interest of users and their long-term compliance.

Improved Data Protection and Confidentiality.

Use blockchain or advanced encryption solutions to ensure sensitive medical data is further safeguarded to overcome increasing fears in digital healthcare.

Accessibility Support and Multilingual.
Include regional language choices and voice assist features to accommodate a wide range of users, especially senior citizens and the visually challenged.

Research-Oriented Validation

Carry out longitudinal clinical trials on larger users of the system to confirm the long-term effects of the system on medication compliance and nutrition.

REFERENCES:

- [1] P. Mohammadi, S. Ghanbari, and A. R. Aslani, "The impact of mobile health (mHealth) P. Mohammadi, S. Ghanbari, and A. R. Aslani, "The impact of mobile health (mHealth) interventions on medication adherence: A systematic review and meta-analysis," *Journal of Medical Internet Research*, vol. 26, no. 4, pp. 1-18, 2023.
- [2] M. Saghaeiann jad-Isfahani, A. Dehghan, and Z. Tavakoli, "Design and evaluation of Seeb: A mobile application for medication reminders," *International Journal of Medical Informatics*, vol. 107, pp. 35-42, 2017.
- [3] E. Ferrara, A. Kim, and R. McCarthy, "A systematic review of diet-tracking mobile applications: Usability, features, and effectiveness," *JMIR mHealth and uHealth*, vol. 7, no.6,pp. 1-18, Jun.2019.
- [4] W. Wang, L. Liu, and T. Zhang, "Medication reminder applications: A usability and feature analysis," *JMIR Formative Research*, vol. 8, no. 2, pp. 1-12, 2024.
- [5] Y. Huang, J. Lin, and M. Chou, "Development of a universal medication scheduling and reminder system using smartphone technologies," *IEEE Access*, vol. 12, pp. 11235-11247, Feb. 2024.
- [6] S. Patel, J. Park, and K. Lee, "Artificial intelligence-based diet planner: Personalized recommendations for healthy eating," *IEEE Transactions on Computational Biology and Bioinformatics*, vol. 21, no. 3, pp. 654-663, Mar. 2024.
- [7] [7] M. H. Majeed and F. Abid, "Gamification techniques in healthcare apps: A review and future directions," *Healthcare Informatics Research*, vol. 29, no. 1, pp. 45-56, Jan. 2023.
- [8] Anbumani P, Vasantha raja R, Gokul MP, Roopesh VS, Hareesh SD. Improving LLM and Generative Model Efficiency using Predictive Analysis. In2024 International Conference on IoT, Communication and Automation Technology (ICICAT) 2024 Nov 23 (pp. 69-73). IEEE.
- [9] S Prabakaran, V Shangamithra, G Sowmiya, R Suruthi, Advanced smart inventory management system using IoT, *International Journal of Creative Research Thoughts (IJCRT)*, vol 11, Issue 4, page 37-45.