

# CNG Manager Real-Time Availability Alert System

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**Abstract**—The increasing number of CNG vehicles has created a growing demand for efficient fuel management systems. However, users often face difficulties in locating nearby CNG stations and checking real-time fuel availability. Traditional systems lack real-time updates and digital integration, leading to time loss, fuel wastage, and traffic congestion.

To address this issue, this project proposes a CNG Manager – Real Time Availability Alert System, which provides live updates about CNG stock at various stations. The system allows users to search nearby CNG pumps, check availability, and book slots. It also enables station managers to update stock levels and manage fuel distribution efficiently.

The system is developed using modern web and mobile technologies, ensuring real-time communication between users and station operators. A centralized database is used to store and manage information securely. The system also includes an admin panel for monitoring users, pumps, and system activities.

This solution aims to improve fuel accessibility, reduce waiting time, and enhance overall efficiency in CNG distribution systems. Future improvements may include GPS integration, digital payments, and data analytics for better decision-making.

**Index Terms**—CNG Manager, Real-Time System, Fuel Management, Slot Booking alert system.

## I. INTRODUCTION

In recent years, the rapid growth in the number of Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) vehicles has significantly increased the demand for efficient and well-managed fuel distribution systems. CNG is widely used as an eco-friendly and cost-effective alternative to traditional fuels, which has led to a rise in the number of CNG stations and users. However despite this growth, users still face major challenges in locating nearby CNG stations and checking fuel availability in real time.

One of the major problems in the current system is the lack of real-time information regarding fuel availability. Users often visit CNG stations without knowing whether fuel is available or not, which results in long waiting queues, traffic congestion, and wastage of both time and fuel. Additionally, station operators rely on manual methods to manage fuel stock, which is inefficient and prone to errors. With the advancement of digital technologies such as web applications, mobile platforms, and real-time databases, it has become possible to design intelligent systems that can provide live updates and improve overall efficiency. A smart system can help users find nearby stations, check availability, and even book slots in advance, thereby reducing waiting time and improving user experience.

The CNG Manager – Real Time Availability Alert System is proposed to address these issues by providing a digital platform that connects users, station managers, and administrators. The system allows users to search for CNG stations, view real-time fuel availability, and book fueling slots. Station managers can update stock information, while the admin can monitor and control the entire system.

This project aims to improve fuel accessibility, reduce congestion at CNG stations, and enhance communication between users and service providers. By implementing this system, a more efficient, reliable, and user-friendly fuel management solution can be achieved.

With the rapid increase in the number of CNG vehicles, the demand for efficient fuel distribution systems has also increased significantly. However, many users still face challenges in locating nearby CNG stations and checking fuel availability. The absence of real-time information leads to long queues, traffic congestion, and wastage of time and fuel.

Traditional fuel management systems rely on manual updates and lack proper communication between users

and station operators. As a result, users often visit stations without knowing whether fuel is available or not. This inefficiency highlights the need for a smart and automated system.

This results in poor coordination, inaccurate information, and inefficient utilization of resources. Moreover, there is no centralized platform where users can access all necessary information related to CNG stations, such as location, availability, and waiting time.

To overcome these limitations, the proposed system integrates modern technologies such as cloud databases, GPS-based location services, and real-time data synchronization. These technologies enable instant updates and ensure that users receive accurate and up-to-date information at all times.

Furthermore, the system enhances transparency and accountability by allowing administrators to monitor system activities and maintain data integrity. It also helps station managers to efficiently manage fuel stock, predict demand, and avoid shortages.

## II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The increasing demand for eco-friendly fuels such as Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) has led to the development of various fuel management and monitoring systems. However, users still face challenges such as lack of real-time availability information, long waiting queues, and inefficient management at CNG stations.

Several existing systems focus on location-based services using mobile applications developed on Android platforms. These applications help users find nearby fuel stations using GPS technology. However, most of these systems do not provide real-time data regarding fuel availability, which limits their effectiveness in reducing waiting time.

Modern systems are increasingly developed as Android-based applications that allow users to access services directly through smartphones. These applications provide better user experience, faster access, and real-time interaction. In such systems, the Android application acts as the front-end interface, while backend technologies like PHP and MySQL are used to store and manage data efficiently. The system communicates with the server to fetch real-time information such as fuel availability, booking details, and user data.

Some research studies have introduced queue management systems in sectors like banking and healthcare, where token-based systems are used to manage users efficiently. These systems help in reducing congestion and improving service efficiency. However, such solutions are rarely implemented in fuel management systems, especially for CNG stations.

Existing fuel management systems mainly focus on manual stock updates and report generation. Although these systems improve administrative control, they lack real-time alert mechanisms and mobile-based interaction for users. There is a clear need for an integrated Android-based system that combines real-time monitoring, slot booking, and queue management.

The proposed system, “CNG Manager – Real Time Availability Alert System,” addresses these limitations by providing an Android-based solution. The system enables users to check real-time CNG availability, search nearby pumps, and book slots directly through a mobile application. The backend system, developed using PHP and MySQL, allows administrators to manage pump data, update stock levels, and monitor system activities efficiently.

Thus, the proposed system offers a comprehensive solution by integrating mobile application technology, real-time data updates, and efficient management features into a single platform.

CNG Manager – Real Time Availability Alert System, aims to overcome these with the rapid advancement of mobile technologies, Android-based applications have become a preferred platform for developing real-time management systems. These applications support features such as push notifications, real-time updates, and location-based services, which are essential for improving user convenience and system efficiency. Many modern systems integrate Google Maps API to provide accurate navigation and location tracking, helping users easily identify nearby service points.

In addition, the integration of backend systems with mobile applications plays a crucial role in ensuring smooth data flow and system performance. Technologies such as PHP and MySQL enable efficient handling of user requests, data storage, and retrieval processes. The use of APIs allows seamless communication between the Android application and the server, ensuring that users receive up-to-date information instantly.

Several research works have also focused on improving system efficiency through automation and digitalization. Automated systems reduce manual errors and improve data accuracy. In the context of fuel management, automation can help in monitoring fuel levels, generating alerts, and maintaining transaction records. However, many of these systems are either limited to web platforms or lack user interaction features.

Security is another important aspect considered in modern application development. Authentication mechanisms such as login systems and role-based access control are used to ensure that only authorized users can access the system. Data security techniques help protect sensitive information such as user details and transaction data from unauthorized access.

Despite the availability of various systems, there is still a gap in providing a complete solution that combines real-time availability tracking, mobile accessibility, and efficient management features for CNG stations. Most existing solutions are either partially implemented or lack integration between different modules.

The proposed Android-based system aims to bridge this gap by offering a fully integrated platform that includes real-time updates, user-friendly interface, secure data handling, and efficient backend support. By combining mobile technology with database management and server-side processing, the system enhances the overall efficiency and usability of CNG station management

### III. RESEARCH GAP

The increasing adoption of Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) as an alternative fuel has created a need for efficient management and monitoring systems. Although various systems have been developed to address fuel station management and location-based services, there are still several limitations and shortcomings that highlight the existing research gap in this domain.

One of the primary gaps identified in existing systems is the lack of real-time fuel availability information. Most of the currently available applications provide only static details such as location, contact information, and basic services offered by fuel stations. However, they do not provide dynamic updates regarding the availability of CNG fuel. This

results in inconvenience for users, as they often travel to stations without knowing whether fuel is available or not. This leads to unnecessary fuel consumption, increased traffic congestion, and wastage of time.

Another significant limitation is the absence of a fully integrated Android-based platform. While some systems are web-based and accessible through browsers, they are not optimized for mobile users. In today's fast-paced environment, users rely heavily on smartphones for accessing information and services. The lack of a dedicated Android application reduces accessibility, user engagement, and overall system efficiency.

Queue management is another major issue that has not been adequately addressed in existing solutions. CNG stations often experience long queues, especially during peak hours. Most current systems do not provide any mechanism for slot booking, token generation, or queue tracking. As a result, users have to wait for extended periods, leading to frustration and inefficiency. An effective queue management system integrated with a mobile application can significantly reduce waiting time and improve user satisfaction.

In addition, existing systems largely depend on manual data entry for updating fuel stock levels. Manual processes are prone to human errors, delays, and inaccuracies. There is a lack of automation in monitoring fuel levels and generating alerts when the stock reaches a critical threshold. Without real-time synchronization, the information displayed to users may become outdated, reducing the reliability of the system.

Another research gap lies in the communication mechanism between users and station administrators. Current systems do not provide proper notification or alert features to inform users about fuel availability or changes in station status. Similarly, administrators lack efficient tools to broadcast updates to multiple users simultaneously. The absence of real-time communication reduces the effectiveness of these systems.

Security concerns also contribute to the research gap. Many existing applications do not implement strong authentication and authorization mechanisms. The absence of role-based access control can lead to unauthorized access, data manipulation, and security breaches. A secure system should ensure proper login authentication, user validation, and protection of sensitive information.

Scalability is another limitation observed in current systems. Most of the existing solutions are designed for a limited number of stations or a specific geographic area. They do not support large-scale deployment across multiple cities or regions. As the demand for CNG fuel increases, there is a need for scalable systems that can handle a large number of users and stations efficiently.

Furthermore, existing systems lack advanced data analysis and reporting capabilities. They do not provide insights into fuel consumption patterns, user behavior, peak usage hours, or demand trends. Such analytical information is crucial for decision-making and resource optimization. The absence of these features limits the ability of administrators to plan and manage resources effectively.

Another important gap is the lack of integration between different system modules. Many existing solutions focus on individual functionalities such as location tracking or data management, but they fail to combine all essential features into a single unified system. There is a need for a comprehensive solution that integrates real-time availability, queue management, user interaction, and administrative control.

The usability and user interface design of existing systems also present challenges. Some applications have complex interfaces that are difficult for users to navigate. A user-friendly design is essential to ensure that users can easily access features such as searching for stations, checking availability, and booking slots. Moreover, the reliability and performance of current systems are not always satisfactory. Systems that do not support real-time updates or efficient server communication may experience delays and inaccuracies. This affects user trust and system adoption. Therefore, a reliable system with efficient backend support is necessary.

The proposed system, “CNG Manager – Real Time Availability Alert System,” aims to address all these research gaps by providing a comprehensive Android-based solution. The system integrates real-time fuel availability tracking, slot booking, queue management, and secure user authentication into a single platform. It enables users to search for nearby stations, check availability, and book slots using a mobile application.

On the administrative side, the system allows station managers to update fuel stock, monitor system

activities, and generate reports. The use of backend technologies ensures efficient data management and real-time synchronization between users and administrators. Notification features keep users informed about availability updates, improving communication and user experience.

In addition, the system is designed to be scalable and adaptable to multiple locations. It can be extended to support additional features such as online payment, data analytics, and integration with navigation systems. This makes it a future-ready solution capable of meeting the growing demands of CNG users.

By addressing the identified research gaps, the proposed system improves efficiency, reduces waiting time, enhances user convenience, and ensures better management of CNG resources. It provides a modern, reliable, and user-friendly solution that bridges the gap between existing limitations and user requirements.

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### 1. Lack of Real-Time Availability Information

One of the most significant research gaps identified in existing CNG management systems is the absence of real-time fuel availability information. Most of the currently available applications and systems focus only on providing static information such as the geographical location of fuel stations, their contact details, and operational hours. While this information is useful to some extent, it does not address the primary concern of users, which is whether CNG fuel is available at a particular station at a given time.

In real-world scenarios, the availability of CNG fuel is highly dynamic and depends on various factors such as supply chain delays, demand fluctuations, and operational constraints. Since existing systems do not update this information in real-time, users are often forced to rely on outdated or incomplete data. As a

result, they may travel long distances only to find that the station is out of stock, leading to frustration and inefficiency.

Furthermore, the lack of real-time availability contributes to uneven distribution of users across different stations. Some stations become overcrowded while others remain underutilized. This imbalance increases waiting time and traffic congestion, particularly in urban areas where CNG demand is high. Without accurate and timely information, it becomes difficult for users to make informed decisions.

Therefore, there is a clear need for a system that can provide real-time updates regarding CNG availability. Such a system should ensure continuous synchronization between the backend database and the user interface, enabling users to access up-to-date information instantly. Addressing this gap will significantly improve user experience, reduce unnecessary travel, and enhance the overall efficiency of CNG station management.

### 2. Absence of Slot Booking and Queue Management

Another critical research gap in existing systems is the lack of an effective slot booking and queue management mechanism. In most CNG stations, users are required to physically wait in long queues, especially during peak hours. The absence of any structured system to manage these queues leads to overcrowding, increased waiting time, and poor service efficiency.

Queue management systems have been successfully implemented in various sectors such as banking, healthcare, and transportation, where token-based or appointment-based approaches are used to streamline user flow. However, such systems have not been effectively adopted in the context of CNG fuel stations. As a result, users experience inconvenience and uncertainty, as there is no way to estimate waiting time or reserve a slot in advance.

The lack of a booking system also results in inefficient utilization of resources. Station operators are unable to manage the flow of vehicles effectively, leading to congestion and operational delays. In addition, users may choose to avoid certain stations due to long queues, even if fuel is available, which further disrupts the balance of demand and supply.

Implementing a slot booking system can address these challenges by allowing users to schedule their visit to

the station. This approach can help distribute demand more evenly and reduce peak-time congestion. It also enhances user convenience by minimizing waiting time and providing a more organized service experience.

Thus, the absence of queue management and booking mechanisms represents a significant gap that needs to be addressed through an integrated and user-friendly solution.

### 3. Dependency on Manual Data Entry

A major limitation in existing fuel management systems is their reliance on manual data entry for updating fuel stock and operational details. In many systems, station operators are required to manually input information regarding fuel availability, stock levels, and transaction records. This approach is not only time-consuming but also prone to human errors. Manual data entry can lead to inaccuracies in the information provided to users. For instance, delays in updating stock levels may result in outdated data being displayed, causing users to make incorrect decisions. In some cases, errors in data entry can lead to discrepancies between actual and displayed fuel availability, reducing user trust in the system.

Moreover, manual processes lack efficiency and scalability. As the number of users and stations increases, it becomes increasingly difficult to manage data manually. This can lead to operational inefficiencies and increased workload for station administrators.

Automation can play a crucial role in addressing this gap. By integrating automated data collection and update mechanisms, the system can ensure real-time synchronization and accuracy of information. Technologies such as sensors, APIs, and database triggers can be used to automate the process of updating fuel stock levels.

Reducing dependency on manual processes not only improves accuracy but also enhances system reliability and performance. Therefore, there is a strong need for an automated system that minimizes human intervention and ensures efficient data management.

### 4. Lack of Mobile-Centric (Android-Based) Solutions

Despite the widespread use of smartphones, many existing systems are not designed as mobile-centric applications. While some solutions are available as

web-based platforms, they are not optimized for mobile devices and often provide a limited user experience. This represents a significant research gap in the current technological landscape.

Mobile applications, particularly those developed for Android, offer numerous advantages such as portability, ease of use, and real-time interaction. They allow users to access services anytime and anywhere, making them highly suitable for applications like CNG management systems. However, the lack of dedicated Android applications limits the accessibility and usability of existing solutions.

Web-based systems often require continuous internet connectivity and may not perform efficiently on mobile devices. In contrast, Android applications can provide better performance, offline capabilities, and enhanced user interfaces. They also support features such as push notifications, GPS integration, and background services, which are essential for real-time applications.

The absence of mobile-centric solutions reduces user engagement and limits the effectiveness of the system. Users are less likely to use platforms that are not optimized for their devices. Therefore, there is a need for a fully functional Android-based system that provides seamless access to all features and ensures a superior user experience.

### 5. Weak Communication and Notification Mechanism

Effective communication between users and system administrators is essential for the success of any management system. However, most existing CNG management systems lack a robust communication mechanism. They do not provide real-time notifications or alerts to users regarding important updates such as fuel availability, stock changes, or system announcements.

This lack of communication creates a gap between users and service providers. Users are required to manually check the system for updates, which is not only inconvenient but also inefficient. In the absence of timely notifications, users may miss important information, leading to confusion and dissatisfaction. On the other hand, administrators do not have an efficient way to broadcast updates to a large number of users simultaneously. This limits their ability to manage user expectations and provide timely information. As a result, the overall effectiveness of the system is reduced.

Implementing a notification system can significantly improve communication and user engagement. Features such as push notifications, SMS alerts, and in-app messages can be used to inform users about real-time updates. This ensures that users are always aware of the current status and can make informed decisions. Therefore, the lack of a strong communication and notification mechanism represents a critical research gap that needs to be addressed.

#### 6. Limited Scalability and Integration

The final major research gap in existing systems is their limited scalability and lack of integration. Most current solutions are designed for small-scale operations and are not capable of handling large numbers of users or multiple stations across different locations.

As the demand for CNG fuel continues to grow, it is essential to develop systems that can scale efficiently and support a wide range of operations. A scalable system should be able to handle increased data load, user traffic, and system complexity without compromising performance.

In addition, many existing systems operate as standalone applications with limited integration between different modules. For example, systems may focus only on location tracking or stock management but fail to integrate these features with booking systems, notifications, or analytics. This lack of integration results in fragmented functionality and reduced system efficiency.

A well-designed system should integrate all essential features into a single platform, ensuring smooth data flow and improved performance. It should also be flexible enough to accommodate future enhancements such as payment integration, advanced analytics, and multi-city support.

Addressing the issues of scalability and integration is crucial for developing a robust and future-ready CNG management system. By overcoming these limitations, the proposed system can provide a comprehensive solution that meets the growing needs of users and administrators. Implementing a slot booking system can address these challenges by allowing users to schedule their visit to the station. This approach can help distribute demand more evenly and reduce peak-time congestion. It also enhances user

convenience by minimizing waiting time and providing a more organized service experience.

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#### IV. OBJECTIVES

The objective of the proposed system, “CNG Manager – Real-Time Availability Alert System”, is to develop an efficient, user-friendly, and reliable platform that helps users locate CNG stations and check real-time fuel availability. The system aims to improve fuel management, reduce waiting time, and enhance user experience through advanced technology and automation.

##### Primary Objectives

- To provide real-time CNG availability information. The system aims to deliver accurate and up-to-date information regarding CNG fuel availability at different stations. This helps users make informed decisions and avoids unnecessary travel to stations with no fuel.
- To develop an Android-based mobile application. The objective is to design a user-friendly Android application that allows users to access services anytime and anywhere. The mobile app ensures easy navigation, quick access to features, and improved usability.
- To reduce waiting time at CNG stations. By providing real-time updates and slot booking features, the system helps in minimizing long queues and waiting time at fuel stations, especially during peak hours.
- To implement slot booking functionality. The system allows users to book slots in advance for refuelling. This ensures better queue management and avoids overcrowding at stations.
- To provide location-based services using GPS. The application integrates GPS technology to help users find nearby CNG stations quickly and efficiently, reducing search time and improving convenience.

##### Secondary Objectives

- To improve fuel station management efficiency. The system enables administrators to monitor fuel

stock, update availability, and manage station operations effectively.

- To automate data management processes  
The objective is to reduce manual work by automating tasks such as updating fuel stock, managing bookings, and generating reports.
- To enhance communication through notifications.  
The system provides real-time notifications and alerts to users about fuel availability, booking confirmations, and important updates.
- To ensure data accuracy and reliability. By minimizing manual intervention and using automated systems, the application ensures accurate and consistent data.
- To improve user satisfaction and experience. The system is designed to provide a smooth and efficient experience for users by offering essential services in one platform.

#### Advanced Objectives

- To integrate all features into a single platform. The system combines location tracking, availability checking, booking, and notifications into one unified application.
- To support scalability for future expansion. The system is designed in such a way that it can handle increasing users and stations without performance issues.
- To provide secure login and authentication. Ensuring user data privacy and system security is a key objective, implemented through secure login mechanisms.
- To enable report generation and analysis. The system allows administrators to generate reports related to fuel usage, bookings, and system performance.
- To reduce traffic congestion and fuel wastage. By guiding users to available stations and reducing unnecessary travel, the system contributes to environmental sustainability.

The overall objective of this project is to create a smart, efficient, and reliable CNG management system that leverages modern mobile technology to solve real-world problems such as fuel unavailability, long waiting queues, and inefficient station management. The system aims to bridge the gap between users and fuel stations by providing real-time information, automation, and improved communication.

- To provide multi-user access  
The system supports different types of users such as customers, station operators, and administrators. Each user is given access to specific features based on their role, ensuring proper system management.
- To maintain data security and privacy  
The system aims to protect user data through secure authentication and authorization techniques. Sensitive information such as login credentials and booking details are stored securely.

#### V. METHODOLOGY

The proposed system, “CNG Manager – Real-Time Availability Alert System,” is developed using a structured and systematic approach to ensure efficiency, reliability, and real-time performance. The methodology focuses on designing an Android-based application integrated with a backend server that enables seamless communication between users and CNG stations. The system architecture follows a client-server model in which the Android application acts as the client interface, while the backend server, developed using PHP, processes requests and interacts with the MySQL database.

The development process begins with requirement analysis, where the needs of users and station operators are identified. Based on these requirements, the system is designed to provide essential functionalities such as user authentication, real-time fuel availability tracking, station search using GPS, and slot booking. The application is developed using Android Studio, ensuring a responsive and user-friendly interface that enhances user experience and accessibility. The backend is implemented using PHP, which handles data processing, request handling, and communication with the database. MySQL is used as the database management system to store user details, station information, booking records, and fuel availability data.

The system operates by allowing users to register and log in to the application, after which their location is obtained using GPS services. Based on the user’s location, nearby CNG stations are displayed along with their availability status. The application sends requests to the server, which retrieves relevant data from the database and returns it to the user interface in real time. This ensures that users always have access

to updated information regarding fuel availability. If fuel is available, users can proceed to book a slot for refuelling, which helps in reducing waiting time and managing queues efficiently.

The methodology also emphasizes real-time data synchronization, where updates made by station operators are instantly reflected in the user application. This is achieved through continuous interaction between the frontend and backend components. The system minimizes manual intervention by automating data updates and booking processes, thereby reducing human errors and improving system accuracy. Additionally, a notification mechanism is implemented to inform users about booking confirmations and availability updates, enhancing communication between users and the system.

To ensure modularity and scalability, the system is divided into different functional components, including user management, station management, booking management, and notification services. Each component operates independently while maintaining integration with the overall system. This modular approach simplifies system development and allows for easy maintenance and future enhancements. The system is also designed to handle multiple users simultaneously without performance degradation, ensuring smooth operation under varying loads.

Testing is conducted at different levels to ensure system reliability and performance. Unit testing is used to verify individual components, while integration testing ensures that all modules work together correctly.

System testing is performed to validate the overall functionality and performance of the application. Manual testing is primarily used to evaluate user experience, while automated testing techniques are applied to ensure consistency and efficiency in repeated test cases.

The proposed methodology ensures that the system effectively addresses the challenges faced by CNG users, such as lack of real-time information, long waiting times, and inefficient station management. By integrating modern mobile technology with backend services, the system provides a comprehensive solution that improves accessibility, reduces congestion, and enhances overall efficiency. The use of Android technology enables portability and ease of use, while the backend infrastructure ensures data reliability and real-time processing.

Furthermore, the methodology incorporates the use of location-based services to enhance the functionality of the application. The integration of GPS technology enables the system to accurately detect the user's current location and suggest the nearest CNG stations. This feature not only reduces the time required to search for stations but also improves the overall efficiency of fuel access. The system dynamically calculates distances and prioritizes stations based on proximity and availability, ensuring that users receive the most relevant results. This approach significantly enhances the usability of the application and provides a practical solution to real-world problems faced by CNG vehicle users.

In addition to location-based services, the system is designed to support efficient data handling and communication between multiple components. The backend server plays a crucial role in managing user requests, processing data, and maintaining synchronization with the database. Whenever a user performs an action, such as searching for a station or booking a slot, a request is sent to the server. The server processes this request, retrieves the required data, and sends a response back to the application. This continuous interaction ensures smooth and reliable system performance. The use of structured query language (SQL) allows efficient data retrieval and storage, ensuring that the system can handle large volumes of data without performance degradation.

Another important aspect of the methodology is the implementation of a booking management system that helps in reducing congestion at CNG stations. The booking mechanism allows users to select a preferred time slot for refuelling thereby distributing user traffic more evenly throughout the day. This not only improves the user experience but also helps station operators manage resources more effectively. The system records all booking details in the database, which can be accessed and managed by administrators. This structured approach to booking ensures transparency, accountability, and efficient utilization of resources.

The methodology also considers system security as a critical factor. Secure authentication mechanisms are implemented to ensure that only authorized users can access the system.

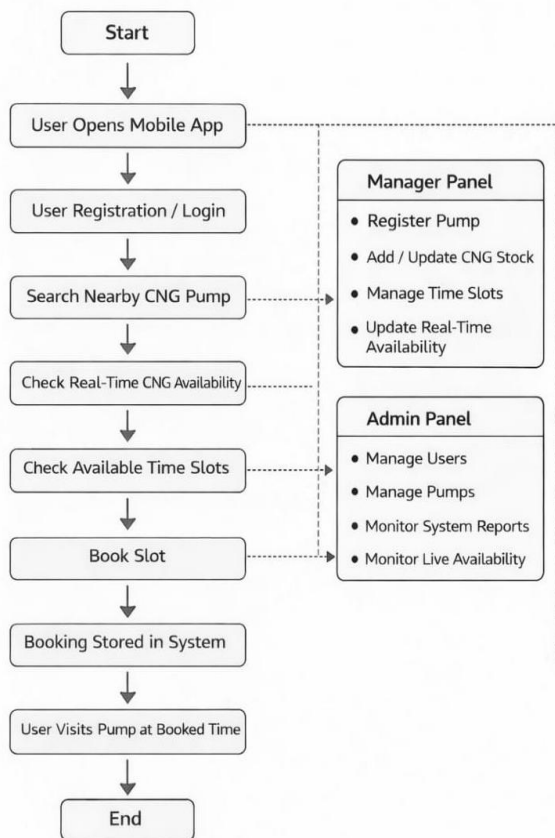
User credentials are validated before granting access, and sensitive information is handled securely to prevent unauthorized access.

This enhances user trust and ensures the integrity of the system. In addition, proper validation techniques are applied at both the frontend and backend levels to prevent errors and ensure data consistency.

Scalability is another key consideration in the system design. The methodology ensures that the system can handle an increasing number of users and stations without affecting performance. This is achieved by designing the system in a modular and flexible manner, allowing new features and functionalities to be added in the future. The use of a robust database management system further supports scalability by efficiently managing large datasets. As the demand for CNG services grows, the system can be expanded to include additional features such as online payments, advanced analytics, and multi-city support.

### VI. FLOWCHART

**CNG Management  
Real-Time Availability Alert System**  
Flow Diagram



### VII. TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES USED

The development of the proposed system, “CNG Manager – Real-Time Availability Alert System,” involves the use of various tools and technologies to ensure efficient performance, scalability, and user-friendly interaction. The system is primarily based on an Android platform, supported by a backend infrastructure that facilitates real-time data processing and communication between users and the server.

The frontend of the system is developed using the Android platform, which provides a robust environment for building mobile applications. Android Studio is used as the primary development tool, offering features such as code editing, debugging, and performance analysis. The application is designed using Java, which ensures compatibility, flexibility, and efficient execution. The use of Android technology enables the system to provide a responsive and interactive user interface, allowing users to easily access features such as login, station search, availability checking, and slot booking.

The backend of the system is implemented using PHP, which acts as a server-side scripting language responsible for processing user requests and managing communication between the application and the database. PHP is widely used due to its simplicity, efficiency, and compatibility with various platforms. It handles operations such as user authentication, data retrieval, booking management, and real-time updates. The integration of PHP ensures smooth data flow and efficient handling of multiple user requests simultaneously.

For data storage and management, MySQL is used as the database management system. It provides a structured and reliable way to store data such as user details, CNG station information, fuel availability, and booking records. MySQL supports efficient data retrieval and ensures data consistency and integrity. The use of relational database design allows the system to manage large volumes of data effectively while maintaining performance.

The system is deployed using the XAMPP server, which provides a local server environment for development and testing. XAMPP includes Apache

server, MySQL database, and PHP support, making it an ideal platform for building and testing web-based backend services. It allows developers to simulate real-world server conditions and ensures that the system functions correctly before deployment.

In addition to these core technologies, the system utilizes GPS services to provide location-based functionality. The integration of GPS enables the application to detect the user's current location and display nearby CNG stations. This enhances the usability of the system and ensures that users can quickly find the most relevant stations based on their location.

The application also incorporates networking technologies such as HTTP and RESTful APIs to enable communication between the mobile application and the backend server. These technologies ensure secure and efficient data exchange, allowing real-time updates and seamless interaction between system components.

The backend infrastructure is also designed to handle multiple user requests simultaneously without affecting system performance. PHP scripts are optimized to process requests efficiently, reducing server load and response time. Database queries are structured in an optimized manner to ensure quick data retrieval and storage. Indexing techniques are applied in the MySQL database to improve search performance and reduce query execution time. These optimizations ensure that the system can handle a large number of users and data transactions efficiently.

Another important technological aspect of the system is error handling and data validation. Both frontend and backend components are designed to validate user inputs and prevent invalid data from entering the system. This ensures data accuracy and reduces the chances of system failure. Error handling mechanisms are implemented to detect and manage unexpected situations, providing appropriate feedback to users and maintaining system stability. This contributes to a reliable and robust system that performs consistently under different conditions.

The system also focuses on maintaining data security and protecting user information. Secure communication protocols are used to transfer data between the application and the server. Authentication mechanisms are implemented to verify user identity

and restrict unauthorized access. Sensitive data such as login credentials and booking information are handled carefully to prevent data breaches. These security measures enhance user trust and ensure that the system operates safely in a real-world environment.

Furthermore, the system is designed with scalability in mind, allowing it to expand as the number of users and CNG stations increases. The use of modular architecture ensures that new features can be added without affecting the existing system. For example, additional functionalities such as online payment integration, advanced analytics, and multi-location support can be incorporated in the future. This flexibility makes the system adaptable to changing requirements and technological advancements.

The integration of notification services further enhances the effectiveness of the system. Users receive instant updates regarding fuel availability, booking confirmations, and other important alerts. This real-time communication ensures that users remain informed and can plan their actions accordingly. The notification mechanism improves user engagement and makes the system more interactive and responsive.

From a deployment perspective, the system can be easily migrated from a local environment to a live server. The use of XAMPP during development ensures that the system is thoroughly tested before deployment. Once the system is ready, it can be hosted on a cloud or web server to make it accessible to a wider audience. This transition from development to deployment is smooth due to the compatibility of the selected technologies.

the system supports maintainability and ease of updates. The use of standard development practices and proper documentation ensures that future developers can understand and modify the system without difficulty. Regular updates and improvements can be implemented to enhance system performance and introduce new features. This ensures that the system remains relevant and effective over time.

Overall, the technologies used in the system are carefully selected to provide a balance between performance, usability, and scalability. The integration of frontend, backend, and database technologies ensures seamless operation and efficient data

management. These technologies work together to create a comprehensive solution that addresses the challenges of CNG fuel availability and management, making the system practical and suitable for real-world applications.

In conclusion, the selected tools and technologies play a vital role in the successful implementation of the proposed system. Each component contributes to the overall functionality and performance of the system, ensuring that it is efficient, reliable, and user-friendly.

#### VIII. EXPECTED OUTCOMES

The proposed system, “CNG Manager – Real-Time Availability Alert System,” is expected to provide a comprehensive and efficient solution to the challenges faced by CNG vehicle users and station operators. The system is designed to deliver real-time information, improve operational efficiency, and enhance user experience through the integration of modern mobile and backend technologies. The expected outcomes of the system are focused on improving accessibility, reducing inefficiencies, and providing a reliable platform for managing CNG availability.

One of the primary expected outcomes of the system is the availability of real-time information regarding CNG fuel status at different stations. Users will be able to access up-to-date information about fuel availability directly through the mobile application. This eliminates the uncertainty associated with traditional methods, where users often rely on assumptions or outdated information. As a result, users can make informed decisions about which station to visit, thereby saving time and effort.

Another important outcome is the reduction in waiting time at CNG stations. The implementation of a slot booking system allows users to reserve a time for refuelling, which helps in managing queues more effectively. This structured approach reduces overcrowding at stations, particularly during peak hours, and ensures a smoother flow of vehicles. By minimizing waiting time, the system improves user satisfaction and enhances the overall efficiency of station operations.

The system is also expected to improve fuel management and resource utilization at CNG stations. Station operators will have access to a centralized

platform where they can monitor fuel availability, update stock levels, and manage bookings. This enables better planning and efficient use of resources. With accurate and real-time data, operators can avoid situations such as overloading or underutilization of stations, leading to improved operational performance. Another key outcome is the enhancement of user experience through a mobile-based platform. The Android application provides a user-friendly interface that allows users to easily access all features of the system. The integration of GPS technology enables users to locate nearby CNG stations quickly and accurately. This convenience improves user engagement and encourages more users to adopt the system.

The system is also expected to contribute to environmental sustainability by reducing unnecessary travel and fuel wastage. By providing accurate information about fuel availability, users can avoid visiting stations where fuel is not available. This reduces unnecessary vehicle movement, leading to lower fuel consumption and reduced emissions. As a result, the system indirectly contributes to environmental protection and promotes efficient use of resources.

Users receive updates regarding booking confirmations, availability changes, and important alerts. This ensures that users are always informed and can plan their actions accordingly. Improved communication leads to better coordination between users and station operators, enhancing the overall effectiveness of the system.

The system is also expected to improve data accuracy and reliability. By automating data updates and reducing manual intervention, the chances of errors are minimized. This ensures that users receive accurate and consistent information, which is essential for building trust in the system. Reliable data also helps administrators make better decisions regarding resource management and system improvements.

Another significant outcome is the scalability of the system. The proposed system is designed to handle a large number of users and stations, making it suitable for expansion to multiple locations. As the demand for CNG services increases, the system can be extended to include additional features and functionalities without affecting performance. This ensures that the system remains relevant and effective in the long term.



## IX. CONCLUSION

The “CNG Manager – Real-Time Availability Alert System” is designed to provide an effective solution to the challenges faced by CNG vehicle users in locating nearby fuel stations with available gas. The system successfully integrates modern mobile application technology with real-time data processing to deliver accurate and reliable information to users.

The proposed Android-based system allows users to search for nearby CNG stations, check real-time fuel availability, and book time slots in advance. This reduces unnecessary waiting time, minimizes fuel wastage, and helps in managing traffic congestion at CNG stations. The system also provides timely notifications and updates, improving communication between users and station operators.

From the administrative perspective, the system enables station managers to update fuel availability, monitor bookings, and manage operations efficiently. The use of a centralized database ensures that all information is stored securely and can be accessed whenever required. This enhances transparency and improves

## X. FUTURE SCOPE

The proposed “CNG Manager – Real-Time Availability Alert System” provides a strong foundation for improving fuel management and user convenience. However, there are several opportunities to enhance the system further by incorporating advanced technologies and additional features.

One of the major future enhancements is the integration of an online payment system. This feature would allow users to make secure digital payments while booking slots, reducing the need for physical transactions and saving time at CNG stations.

Another important improvement is the integration of navigation services such as GPS-based route optimization. By connecting the system with map services, users can get the shortest and fastest route to the selected CNG station, reducing travel time and fuel consumption.

The system can also be enhanced by implementing Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning techniques. These technologies can be used to predict fuel demand based on historical data and user behaviour. Predictive analysis will help station owners manage stock efficiently and avoid shortages. Another future scope is the expansion of the system to support multiple fuel types such as petrol, diesel, and electric vehicle charging stations. This will make the system more versatile and useful for a wider range of users. Security enhancements can also be implemented by integrating advanced authentication methods such as biometric login and two-factor authentication. This will ensure data privacy and protect user information. Furthermore, the system can be extended to a larger geographical scale by integrating cloud-based infrastructure. This will improve scalability and allow the system to handle a large number of users and stations efficiently.

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